

Syllabi and Course Structure

M. Tech. in Computer Science and Engineering

(2021-2023)

Academic Programmes September, 2021

<u>M.Tech. inComputer Science & Engineering</u> <u>Course Structure</u>

<u>First Semester</u>

First Semester								
Sub Code	Sub Name	L	T	P	C			
MCO 056 B	Advanced Data Structure and Algorithm Design	3	0	0	3			
MCO 007B	Advance Data Communication Network	3	0	0	3			
MCO 070B	Advanced Topics in Algorithm Lab	0	0	2	1			
MCO 036B	Advanced Technology Lab	0	0	2	1			
	Research Methodology	2	0	0	2			
	Research Methodology Lab	0	0	2	1			
MCO ***	Program Elective – 1	3	0	0	3			
	TOTAL	11	0	6	14			

M. Tech. in Computer Science & Engineering

Second Semester

SECOND SEMESTER									
Sub Code	Sub Name	L	T	P	С				
MCO 003B	Advanced Operating Systems	3	0	0	3				
MCO 021B	Advanced Data Mining & Warehousing	Advanced Data Mining & Warehousing 3 0 0 3							
MCO ***	Program Elective – 2	3	0	0	3				
	Open Elective – 1	3	0	0	3				
MCO 128A	Advance operating System Lab	0	0	2	1				
MCO ***	Program Elective - 2 Lab	0	0	2	1				
MCO 019B	Project	0	0	8	4				
	TOTAL	12	0	12	18				

M.Tech. in Computer Science & Engineering

Third Semester

	THIRD SEMESTER						
Sub Code	Sub Name	L	T	Р	С		
MCO ***	Program Elective – 3	3	0	0	3		
MCO ***	Program Elective – 4	3	0	0	3		
MCO ***	Program Elective – 5	3	0	0	3		
MCO ***	Program Elective – 6	3	0	0	3		
	Open Elective – 2	3	0	0	3		
MCO 129A	Seminar on Proposed Dissertation	0	0	2	1		
	TOTAL	15	0	2	16		

Fourth Semester

	FOURTH SEMESTER						
MCO 030B Dissertation-II 0 0 40 2							
	TOTAL	0	0	32	16		

MCO 056B	Advanced Data Structure and Algorithms Design	3-0-0
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Course Objective

- To understand the various algorithm design technique.
- To learn analysis techniques to analyze the algorithms.
- To understand the advanced data structures, intrinsic complexity analysis, problem settings

UNIT 1	Advanced Data Structure: Graph, B-tree, binomial heaps and, Fibbonacci heap, Red black tree
UNIT 2	Graph Algorithms: Single source shortest paths-Belman-Ford algorithm, Dijkistra algorithm, all pairs shortest path and matrix multiplication, Floyad- Warshal lalhm, Johnson algorithm for parse graph, maximum flow-Ford- Fulkuson method and maximum bipartite matching.
UNIT 3	Number Theoretic Algorithm: GCD, modular arithmetic, solving modular linear equation and Chinese remainder theorem. Amortized Analysis, Data Structures for Disjoint Sets
UNIT 4	NP Completeness: Polynomial time, polynomial time verification, NP completeness and reducibility, Cook's theorem, NP complete problems-clique problem, vertex cover problem, approximation algorithms-vertex cover problem, set covering problem, traveling salesman problem.
UNIT 5	Probabilistic Algorithms: Numerical probabilistic algorithm, Monte-Carlo algorithm and Las-Vegas algorithm, Sorting network

Text Books:

1. Cormen T.H., Leiserson C.E., Rivest R.L., Introduction to Algorithms, Prentice Hall of India

Refrence Books:

1. Brassad G. &Bratley P., Fundamentals of Algorithmics , Prentice Hall of India

Course Outcomes:

- CO1. Understand the various algorithm design technique.
- CO2. Learn analysis techniques to analyze the algorithms.
- CO3. Understand the advanced data structures, intrinsic complexity analysis, problem settings

MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

Course Outcome		Program Outcome								S	rogram pecific outcome				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	Н	Н	М									Н	М	М	
CO2	Н	Н	М									Н	М	Н	
CO3	Н	Н	М									Н	М	Н	

H = Highly Related; M = Medium L = Low

Course Objective

- 1. To provide a good conceptual understanding of advance computer networking
- 2. To understand various models and their functions
- 3. To have an advance understanding of performance evaluation
- 4. To understand network economics

UNIT 1:	The Motivation for Internetworking; Need for Speed and Quality of Service; History of Networking and Internet; TCP/IP and ATM Networks; Internet Services; TCP Services; TCP format and connection management; Encapsulation in IP; UDP Services, Format and Encapsulation in IP; IP Services; Header format and addressing; Fragmentation and reassembly; classless and subnet address extensions; sub netting and super netting; CIDR; IPv6;
UNIT 2:	Congestion Control and Quality of Service: Data traffic; Network performance; Effects of Congestion; Congestion Control; Congestion control in TCP and Frame Relay; Link-Level Flow and Error Control; TCP flow control; Quality of Service: Flow Characteristics, Flow Classes; Techniques to improve QoS; Traffic Engineering; Integrated Services;
UNIT 3:	 High Speed Networks: Packet Switching Networks; Frame Relay Networks; Asynchronous Transfer Mode (ATM); ATM protocol Architecture; ATM logical connections; ATM cells; ATM Service categories; ATM Adaptation Layer; Optical Networks: SONET networks; SONET architecture; Wireless WANs: Cellular Telephony; Generations; Cellular Technologies in different generations; Satellite Networks;
UNIT 4:	Internet Routing: Interior and Exterior gateway Routing Protocols; Routers and core routers; RIP; OSPF; BGP; IDRP; Multicasting; IGMP; MOSPF; Routing in Ad Hoc Networks; Routing in ATM: Private Network-Network Interface;
UNIT 5:	Error and Control Messages: ICMP; Error reporting vs Error Correction; ICMP message format and Delivery; Types of messages; Address Resolution (ARP); BOOTP; DHCP; Remote Logging; File Transfer and Access; Network Management and SNMP; Comparison of SMTP and HTTP; Proxy Server; The Socket Interface;

Text Books:

- 1. William Stallings, "High-Speed Networks and Internets, Performance and Quality of Service", Pearson Education;
- 2. Douglas E. Comer, "Internetworking with TCP/IP Volume I, Principles, Protocols, and Architectures", Fourth Edition, Pearson Education.

3.

Reference Books:

- 1. B. Muthukumaran, "Introduction to High Performance Networks", Vijay Nicole Imprints.
- 2. Wayne Tomasi, "Introduction to Data Communications and Networking", Pearson Education.
- 3. James F. Kurose, Keith W. Ross, "Computer Networking, A Top-Down Approach Featuring the Internet", Pearson Education.
- 4. Andrew S. Tanenbaum, "Computer Networks", Pearson Education.
- 5. Behrouz A. Forouzan, "Data Communications and Networking", Fourth Edition, McGraw Hill.
- 6. Mahbub Hassan, Raj Jain, "High Performance TCP/IP Networking, Concepts, Issues, and Solutions", Pearson Education.

Course Outcomes:

- CO1. Provide a good conceptual understanding of advance computer networking
- CO2. Understand and compare various models and their functions
- CO3. Advance understanding and evaluating the performance of network
- CO4. Understand network economics /Compare and contrast various Network protocols

MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

Course Outcome		Program Outcome									F S C	Progra Specifi Dutcom	т с 1е		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	Н	Н										М	М		
CO2	Н	Н										М	М		
CO3	Н	Н			Н				Н			Н	М	Н	
CO4	Н	Н							Н			Н	М	Н	

H = Highly Related; M = Medium; L = Low

Research Methodology	2-0-0

Course Objectives

- 1. To understand basic concepts of research and its methodologies
- 2. To Identify appropriate research topics
- 3. To Select and define appropriate research problem and parameters
- 4. To understand hypothesis formulation and testing
- 5. To learn fundamentals of thesis writing

	Research Fundamentals and Terminology
UNIT 1	Importance of Research in Management Decisions, Objectives of Research,
	Types of Research, Research Process, Defining Research Problems. Census
	and Sample Survey.
	Research Design
	Type of Research Design, Natural Experiments, Formal Type of Experiments,
	Evaluation of Experiments, Selecting Relevant Variables, Validity of
	Experiments. Sample design, Steps in sample design, Criteria for selection of
UNIT 2	sample, Different types of sample design, The Sampling Process
	Data Analysis
	Methods and Techniques of Data Collection
UNIT 3	Type of Data , Distinction between primary Data and Secondary, Data
	Collection Procedure for primary Data, Data preparation and Preliminary
	Analysis, Presentation of Data, Oral Presentation
	Statistical Analysis: Measures of Central Tendency, Measures of Dispersion,
	Measures of Asymmetry (Skewness), and Interpretation of Data, Linear
	Correlation and Linear Regression.
UNIT 4	Hypothesis Testing: Null and alternative hypothesis, Level of significance,
	Type I and type II error, Two-tailed and one-tailed tests, Procedure of
	hypothesis
	testing, Power of hypothesis test,
	Hypothesis Testing: t test, Chi-square test and F test.
	Report writing and Presentation
UINT 5	Fundamental of Report Writing and Formatting of Reports ,Additional
	Statistics in Research

Course Outcome :

- 1. Student will able to understand basic concepts of various research areas
- 2. Student will able to identify appropriate research topics concerned to Engineering field
- 3. Student will select and define appropriate research problem and its related parameters
- 4. Student will able to prepare the hypothesis and testing of hypothesis.
- 5. Student will able to develop skill of thesis /Dissertation writing.

Text Books

- 1. Bhattacharya K. Dipak, Research Methodolgy, , Excel Books, New Delhi
- 2. C.R. Kothari, Research Methodology Methods and Techniques, 2/e, Vishwa Prakashan, 2006
- 3. Ranjit Kumar, Research Methodology- A Step-By-Step Guide for Beginners,(Pearson Education, Delhi)
- 4. Bendat and Piersol, Random data: Analysis and Measurement Procedures, Wiley Interscience, 2001

References

- 1. Montgomery, Douglas C. &Runger, George C. (2007) Applied Statistics & Probability
- 2. Trochim, William M.K., (2003), 2/e, Research Methods, (Biztantra, Dreamtech Press, New Delhi)
- 3. Richard I Levin amp; David S. Rubin, Statistics for Management, 7/e. Pearson Education, 2005
- Krishnaswamy, K. N., Sivakumar, Appa Iyer and Mathirajan, M. (2006), Management Research Methodology: Integration of Principles, Methods and Techniques (Pearson Education, New Delhi) Montgomery, Douglas C. (2007) – Design & Analysis of Experiments, 5/e. (New Delhi)
- Donald R. Cooper, Pamela S. Schindler, Business Research Methods, 8/e, Tata McGraw-Hill Co. Ltd., 2006

MCO 070B	Advanced Topics in Algorithm Lab	0-0-2
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List of Experiments

- 1. Write a Program to implement Efficient Matrix Multiplication
- 2. Write a Program to define the graphs and list all nodes and Links
- 3. Write a Program to implement the concept of BFS
- 4. Write a Program to implement the concept of DFS
- 5. Write a Program to implement the concept of B-tree
- 6. Write a Program to implement Dijkistra Algorithm
- 7. Write a Program to implement the concept of Binomial Heap
- 8. Write a program to find Greatest Common Divisor
- 9. Write a program using Chinese remainder theorem
- 10 Write program to solve linear equations
- 11 Write a program to solve Travelling Salesman problem
- 12 Write a program to implement Vertex cover problem
- 13 Write a program to implement all pair shortest path Algorithm

MCO 036A Advanced Technology Lab	0-0-2
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The aim of this lab is to introduce the different simulation tools to the students. So that students get familiar with different simulation environment and implement their theoretical knowledge.

- 1. Introduction of network Simulator.
- 2. Experiment Based on Network Simulator.
- 3. Introduction of OmNet.
- 4. Experiment Based on OmNet.
- 5. Introduction of WeKa.
- 6. Experiment Based on Weka.
- 7. Introduction based on SimSE.
- 8. Experiment Based on SimSE.

Research Methodology Lab	0-0-2

Various Methods and Uses of Advance Excel and Minitab Formulas:

- 1. Introduction to graphical presentation data
- 2. Computations of Mean, Media and Mode.
- 3. Computation of Geometric Mean and Harmonic Mean
- 4. Computation of Mean Deviation.
- 5. Computation of Quartile deviation.
- 6. Computation of Variance.
- 7. Computation of Coefficient of Variation.
- 8. To check the symmetry of the distribution by coefficient of Skewness.
- 9. To check the Shape of the distribution by coefficient of Kurtosis.
- 10. Solve the problems of Linear Correlation and Regression.
- 11. To test the hypothesis for Testing Single Mean Problem by t test.
- 12. To test the hypothesis for Testing Two Mean Problem by t test.
- 13. To test the hypothesis for Testing Significance of Correlation Coefficient by t test.
- 14. To test the hypothesis for testing Single Variance by Chi-Square test.
- 15. To test the hypothesis for testing Goodness of fit by Chi-Square test.
- 16. To test the hypothesis for testing Independence of Attributes. by Chi-Square.
- 17. To test the hypothesis for testing Two Variance by F test.
- 18. Computations with one way analysis
- 19. Computations with Two way analysis

MCO 003B	Advanced Operating Systems	3-0-0

Course Objective:

- To introduce the state of the art in operating systems and distributed systems,
- Learn how to design modern operating systems.
- To understand how to engage in systems research in general and operating systems research in particular.
- To investigate novel ideas in operating systems through a semester-long research project.

	Operating System : Definition, Operating System as Resource Manager.
	Types of Operating Systems: Simple Batch Processing, Multi-programmed Batch Processing, Time Sharing, Personal Computer systems, Parallel,
UNIT 1:	Distributed and Real Time Operating Systems. Operating System
	Components, Services, Calls, System Programs, Operating System Structure,
	Virtual Machines, System Design and Implementation.
	Process Management: Concepts, Scheduling, Operations, Co-operating
	processes, Inter-process Communication. Threads: Thread usage, threads in
	User Space, threads in Kernel, Hybrid Implementation, Scheduler Activation,
UNIT 2:	Pop-up threads, Multithreading.
	CPU Scheduling: Basic Concepts, Scheduling Criteria, Algorithms,
	Multiple-processor Scheduling, Real Time Scheduling, Algorithm
	Evaluation.
	Process Synchronization: Critical Section Problem, Synchronization
	Hardware, Semaphores, Classical Problem of synchronization, Critical
	Regions, Monitors. Deadlock: Characteristics, Necessary Conditions,
	Prevention, Avoidance, Detection and Recovery.
UNIT 3:	Memory Management: Logical and Physical Address Space, Swapping.
	Contiguous Allocation: Singlepartitioned, Multi-partitioned. Non-contiguous
	Allocation: Paging, Segmentation, and Segmentation with Paging. Virtual
	Memory: Demand Paging, Page Replacement Algorithms, Allocation of
	Frames, Thrashing, Demand Segmentation.

UNIT 4:	File and Directory System: File Concepts, Access Methods, Directory Structure, Protection, File system Structure, Allocation Methods, Free Space Management, Directory Implementation, Recovery. Secondary Storage Management: Disk Structure, Dedicated, Shared, Virtual, Sequential Access and Random Access Devices, Disk Scheduling, Disk Management, Swap- space Management, Disk Reliability, Stable Storage Management.
	Protection and Security: Threats, Intruders, Accidental Data Loss, Cryptography, User authentication, Attacks from inside the system, Attacks from outside the system, Protection Mechanism, Trusted Systems, Domain of Protection, Access Matrix, Programs Threats, System Threats.
UNIT 5:	Distributed systems , topology network types, design strategies. Network operating structure, distributed operating system, remote services, and design issues. Distributed file system: naming and transparency, remote file access, Stateful v/s Stateless Service, File Replication.
	Distributed co-ordinations: Event Ordering, Mutual Exclusion, Atomicity, Concurrency Control, Deadlock Handling, Election Algorithms, and Reaching Agreement. Case studies of Unix and MS-DOS operating system.

Suggested Books

1. Silberschatz and Galvin, "Operating System Concepts", Addison-Wesley publishing, Co.,1999.

2. A. S. Tanenbaum, "Modern Operating Systems", Pearson Education.

3. H.M. Dietel, "An Introduction to Operating System", Pearson Education.

4. D. M. Dhamdhere, "Operating Systems - A Concept Based Approach", Tata McGraw-Hill

5 M. Singhal, N. G. Shivaratri, "Advanced Concepts in Operating Systems", Tata McGraw -Hill.

6. William Stallings, "Operating Systems", Pearson Education

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- CO1. Understand the state of the art in operating systems and distributed systems, and how to design modern operating systems.
- CO2. Understand how to engage in systems research in general and operating systems research in particular.
- CO3. Investigate novel ideas in operating systems through a semester-long research project.

MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

Course Outcome		Program Outcome									Program Specific Outcome				
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	Н	Н	М	L								Н	М		
CO2	Н	Н	М	М	Н				М			Н	Н	Н	
CO3	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н				М		Н	Н	Н	Η	

H = Highly Related; M = Medium L = Low

MCO 014B	Advanced Data Mining and Warehousing	3-0-0
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Course Objective:

- To compare and contrast different conceptions of data mining
- To explain the role of finding associations in commercial market basket data.
- To characterize the kinds of patterns that can be discovered by association rule mining.
- To describe how to extend a relational system
- To find patterns using association rules.

	Overview: Concept of data mining and warehousing, data warehouse roles					
	and structures, cost of warehousing data, roots of data mining, approaches to					
UNIT 1:	data exploration and data mining, foundations of data mining, web					
	warehousing, web warehousing for business applications and consumers,					
	introduction to knowledge management, data warehouses and knowledge					
	bases.					
	Data Warehouse: Theory of data warehousing, barriers to successful data					
UNIT 2:	warehousing, bad data warehousing approaches, stores, warehouse and marts,					
01111 2.	data warehouse architecture, metadata, metadata extraction, implementing the					
	data warehouse and data warehouse technologies.					
	Data Mining and Data Visualisation: Data mining, OLAP, techniques used					
UNIT 3:	to mine the data, market basket analysis, current limitations and challenges to					
	DM, data visualization.					
	Designing and Building the Data Warehouse: The enterprise model					
	approach of data mining design, data warehouse project plan, analysis and					
	design tools, data warehouse architecture, specification and development.					
	Web-Based Query and Reporting: Delivering information over the web,					
	query and reporting tools and business value, architectural approaches to					
	query and reporting tools and business value, architectural approaches to delivering query capabilities over the web.					
	query and reporting tools and business value, architectural approaches to delivering query capabilities over the web.Web Based Statistical Analysis and Data Mining: Analytical tools,					
UNIT 4:	 query and reporting tools and business value, architectural approaches to delivering query capabilities over the web. Web Based Statistical Analysis and Data Mining: Analytical tools, business value from analytical tools, humble spreadsheet, determining the 					
UNIT 4:	 query and reporting tools and business value, architectural approaches to delivering query capabilities over the web. Web Based Statistical Analysis and Data Mining: Analytical tools, business value from analytical tools, humble spreadsheet, determining the business value that analytical tools will deliver, statistical products overview 					
UNIT 4:	 query and reporting tools and business value, architectural approaches to delivering query capabilities over the web. Web Based Statistical Analysis and Data Mining: Analytical tools, business value from analytical tools, humble spreadsheet, determining the business value that analytical tools will deliver, statistical products overview – statistical analysis applications, correlation analysis, regression analysis, 					
UNIT 4:	query and reporting tools and business value, architectural approaches to delivering query capabilities over the web. Web Based Statistical Analysis and Data Mining: Analytical tools, business value from analytical tools, humble spreadsheet, determining the business value that analytical tools will deliver, statistical products overview – statistical analysis applications, correlation analysis,regression analysis, data discovery tools overview, data discovery applications, comparison of the					
UNIT 4:	query and reporting tools and business value, architectural approaches to delivering query capabilities over the web. Web Based Statistical Analysis and Data Mining: Analytical tools, business value from analytical tools, humble spreadsheet, determining the business value that analytical tools will deliver, statistical products overview – statistical analysis applications, correlation analysis, regression analysis, data discovery tools overview, data discovery applications, comparison of the products, architectural approaches for statistical and data discovery tools.					
UNIT 4:	 query and reporting tools and business value, architectural approaches to delivering query capabilities over the web. Web Based Statistical Analysis and Data Mining: Analytical tools, business value from analytical tools, humble spreadsheet, determining the business value that analytical tools will deliver, statistical products overview – statistical analysis applications, correlation analysis, regression analysis, data discovery tools overview, data discovery applications, comparison of the products, architectural approaches for statistical and data discovery tools. Search Engines and Facilities: Search engines and the web, search engine 					
UNIT 4:	query and reporting tools and business value, architectural approaches to delivering query capabilities over the web. Web Based Statistical Analysis and Data Mining: Analytical tools, business value from analytical tools, humble spreadsheet, determining the business value that analytical tools will deliver, statistical products overview – statistical analysis applications, correlation analysis,regression analysis, data discovery tools overview, data discovery applications, comparison of the products, architectural approaches for statistical and data discovery tools. Search Engines and Facilities: Search engines and the web, search engine architecture, variations in the way the search facilities work and variations in					
	query and reporting tools and business value, architectural approaches to delivering query capabilities over the web. Web Based Statistical Analysis and Data Mining: Analytical tools, business value from analytical tools, humble spreadsheet, determining the business value that analytical tools will deliver, statistical products overview – statistical analysis applications, correlation analysis,regression analysis, data discovery tools overview, data discovery applications, comparison of the products, architectural approaches for statistical and data discovery tools. Search Engines and Facilities: Search engines and the web, search engine architecture, variations in the way the search facilities work and variations in indexing schemes.					
UNIT 4: UNIT 5:	 query and reporting tools and business value, architectural approaches to delivering query capabilities over the web. Web Based Statistical Analysis and Data Mining: Analytical tools, business value from analytical tools, humble spreadsheet, determining the business value that analytical tools will deliver, statistical products overview – statistical analysis applications, correlation analysis, regression analysis, data discovery tools overview, data discovery applications, comparison of the products, architectural approaches for statistical and data discovery tools. Search Engines and Facilities: Search engines and the web, search engine architecture, variations in the way the search facilities work and variations in indexing schemes. Future of Data Mining and Data Warehousing: Future of data 					
	 query and reporting tools and business value, architectural approaches to delivering query capabilities over the web. Web Based Statistical Analysis and Data Mining: Analytical tools, business value from analytical tools, humble spreadsheet, determining the business value that analytical tools will deliver, statistical products overview – statistical analysis applications, correlation analysis,regression analysis, data discovery tools overview, data discovery applications, comparison of the products, architectural approaches for statistical and data discovery tools. Search Engines and Facilities: Search engines and the web, search engine architecture, variations in the way the search facilities work and variations in indexing schemes. Future of Data Mining and Data Warehousing: Future of data warehousing, trends in data warehousing, future of data mining, using data 					
	 query and reporting tools and business value, architectural approaches to delivering query capabilities over the web. Web Based Statistical Analysis and Data Mining: Analytical tools, business value from analytical tools, humble spreadsheet, determining the business value that analytical tools will deliver, statistical products overview – statistical analysis applications, correlation analysis, regression analysis, data discovery tools overview, data discovery applications, comparison of the products, architectural approaches for statistical and data discovery tools. Search Engines and Facilities: Search engines and the web, search engine architecture, variations in the way the search facilities work and variations in indexing schemes. Future of Data Mining and Data Warehousing: Future of data 					

Text Books

1. Jiwei Han, MichelienKamber, "Data Mining Concepts and Techniques", Morgan Kaufmann Publishers an Imprint of Elsevier, 2001.

Reference Books:

1. ArunK.Pujari, Data Mining Techniques, Universities Press (India) Limited, 2001.

2. George M. Marakas, Modern Data warehousing, Mining and Visualization: core concepts, Printice Hall, First Edition,2002.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, students should be able to:

- CO1. Compare and contrast different conceptions of data mining as evidenced in both research and application.
- CO2. Explain the role of finding associations in commercial market basket data.
- CO3. Characterize the kinds of patterns that can be discovered by association rule mining.
- CO4. Describe how to extend a relational system to find patterns using association rules.
- CO5. Evaluate methodological issues underlying the effective application of data mining.

MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

Course Outcome		Program Outcome							Program Specific Outcome						
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н							Н			
CO2	Н	М	М									М			
CO3	Н	Н	Н									Н	М	Н	
CO4	Н	Н	М	М	Н							Η	М	Η	

H = Highly Related; M = Medium L = Low

CSE Track

CSE

Program Elective I

Distributed Algorithms	3-0-0
	Distributed Algorithms

Course Objective

	To understand synchronous and asynchronous models
	To learn algorithms of synchronous and asynchronous system
3.	To understand shared memory concept of distributed operating system
UNIT 1:	Models of synchronous and asynchronous distributed computing systems: synchronous networks, asynchronous shared memory, asynchronous networks;
UNIT 2:	Basic algorithms for synchronous and asynchronous networks: leader election, breadth first search, shortest path, minimum spanning tree.
UNIT 3:	Advanced synchronous algorithms: distributed consensus with failures, commit protocols.
UNIT 4:	Asynchronous shared memory algorithms: mutual exclusion and consensus
UNIT 5:	Relationship between shared memory and network models; asynchronous networks with failures.

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- CO1: Understand difference between synchronous and asynchronous system
- CO2: Learn algorithms of distributed operating system
- CO3: Understand shared memory concepts
- CO4: Understand relation between shared memory and network models

MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

Course Outcome					Pro	ogram	Out	come					S	rogra pecific utcon	ce
	POI	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<i>P07</i>	PO8	PO9	PO10	P011	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	Н	M											М		
<i>CO2</i>	Н	Н	Н	L		L					М	М	Н	М	L
СОЗ	M												L		L
<i>CO4</i>	Н	M		L		L							М		

• H = Highly Related; M = Medium L = Low

Text Book

Nancy Lynch, "Distributed Algorithms" Morgan Kaufmann.

Reference Books:

Gerlad Tel, "Introduction to Distributed Algorithms" Cambridge University Press.

CSE

Program Elective II

Course Objective

- 1. To learn the fundamentals of data models and to conceptualize and depict a database system using ER diagram.
- 2. To make a study of SQL and relational database design.
- 3. To understand the internal storage structures using different file and indexing techniques which will help in physical DB design.
- 4. To know the fundamental concepts of transaction processing- concurrency control techniques and recovery procedure.

	Relational Databases: Integrity Constraints revisited: Functional, Multi-							
	valued and Join Dependency, Template Algebraic, Inclusion and							
	Generalized Functional Dependency, Chase Algorithms and Synthesis of							
UNIT 1:	Relational Schemes. Query Processing and Optimization: Evaluation of							
	Relational Operations, Transformation of Relational Expressions, Indexing							
	and Query Optimization, Limitations of Relational Data Model, Null Values							
	and Partial Information.							
	Deductive Databases: Datalog and Recursion, Evaluation of Datalog							
	program, Recursive queries with negation. Objected Oriented and Object							
UNIT 2:	Relational Databases: Modelling Complex Data Semantics, Specialization,							
UNIT 2.	Generalization, Aggregation and Association, Objects, Object Identity,							
	Equality and Object Reference, Architecture of Object Oriented and Object							
	Relational Databases							
	Distributed Data Storage: Fragmentation and Replication, Location and							
	Fragment Transparency, Distributed Query Processing and Optimization,							
UNIT 3:	Distributed Transaction Modeling and Concurrency Control, Distributed							
	Deadlock, Commit Protocols, Design of Parallel Databases, Parallel Query							
	Evaluation.							
	Advanced Transaction Processing: Nested and Multilevel Transactions,							
UNIT 4:	Compensating Transactions and Saga, Long Duration Transactions, Weak							
UNII 4.	Levels of Consistency, Transaction Work Flows, Transaction Processing							
	Monitors.							
	Active Databases: Triggers in SQL, Event Constraint and Action: ECA							
UNIT 5:	Rules, Query Processing and Concurrency Control, Compensation and							
UIVII J.	Databases Recovery. Real Time Databases: Temporal Constraints: Soft							
	and Hard Constraints, Transaction Scheduling and Concurrency Control.							

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

CO1: Learn the fundamentals of data models and to conceptualize and depict a database system using ER diagram.

CO2: Make a study of SQL and relational database design.

CO3: Understand the internal storage structures using different file and indexing techniques which will help in physical DB design.

CO4: Know the fundamental concepts of transaction processing- concurrency control techniques and recovery procedure.

MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

Course Outcome					Pro	gram	o Outo	come					S	Program Specific Outcome		
	POI	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<i>P07</i>	PO8	PO9	PO10	P011	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	
CO1	Η					M							Н		Н	
CO2	Η	M	Η		Η				L			M	M	Н		
CO3	Н	M		L							L	M	Η		М	
<i>CO4</i>	Н	М	М								L		М	М		

• H = Highly Related; M = Medium L = Low

Text Book

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Henry Korth, and S. Sudarshan, Database System Concepts, McGraw-Hill.

Reference Books:

- 1. Raghu Ramakrishnan, Database Management Systems, WCB/McGraw-Hill.
- 2. Bipin Desai, An Introduction to Database Systems, Galgotia.
- 3. J. D. Ullman, Principles of Database Systems, Galgotia.
- 4. R. Elmasri and S. Navathe, Fundamentals of Database Systems8, Addison-Wesley.
- 5. Serge Abiteboul, Richard Hull and Victor Vianu, Foundations of Databases. Addison-Wesley.

Program Elective III

MCO 016B

Information System Security

3-0-0

Course Objective:

- To perform a risk assessment of an information system.
- To identify the security requirements for an information system.
- To use available government information system security resources when designing systems.

UNIT 1:	Introduction to Securities: Introduction to security attacks, services and mechanism, Classical encryption techniques substitution ciphers and transposition ciphers, cryptanalysis, steganography, Stream and block ciphers. Modern Block Ciphers: Block ciphers principles, Shannon's theory of confusion and diffusion, fiestal structure, Data encryption standard (DES), Strength of DES, Idea of differential cryptanalysis, block cipher modes of operations, Triple DES
UNIT 2:	Modular Arithmetic: Introduction to group, field, finite field of the form GF(p), modular arithmetic, prime and relative prime numbers, Extended Euclidean Algorithm, Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) encryption and decryption Fermat's and Euler's theorem, Primality testing, Chinese Remainder theorem, Discrete Logarithmic Problem, Principals of public key crypto systems, RSA algorithm, security of RSA
UNIT 3:	Message Authentication Codes: Authentication requirements, authentication functions, message authentication code, hash functions, birthday attacks, security of hash functions, Securehash algorithm (SHA) Digital Signatures: Digital Signatures, Elgamal Digital Signature Techniques, Digital signature standards (DSS), proof of digital signature algorithm
UNIT 4:	Key Management and distribution: Symmetric key distribution, Diffie- Hellman Key Exchange, Public key distribution, X.509 Certificates, Public key Infrastructure. Authentication Applications: Kerberos Electronic mail security: pretty good privacy (PGP), S/MIME.
UNIT 5:	 IP Security: Architecture, Authentication header, Encapsulating security payloads, combining security associations, key management. Introduction to Secure Socket Layer, Secure electronic, transaction (SET). System Security: Introductory idea of Intrusion, Intrusion detection, Viruses and related threats, firewalls.

Outcomes:

At the end of the course, students should be able to:

CO1: Perform a risk assessment of an information system.

CO2: Identify the security requirements for an information system.

CO3:*Use available government information system security resources when designing systems.*

MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

Course Outcome				Program Specific Outcome											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<i>P07</i>	PO8	PO9	PO10	P011	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	Н	M			L	L					М		Н		М
<i>CO2</i>			Н	M			Н				М			М	
CO3	Н				L	М							Н		

М

• H = Highly Related; M = Medium L = Low

Suggested Books:

1. William Stallings, "Cryptography and Network Security: Principals and Practice", Pearson Education.

2. Behrouz A. Frouzan: Cryptography and Network Security, TMH

3. Bruce Schiener, "Applied Cryptography". John Wiley & Sons

4. Bernard Menezes," Network Security and Cryptography", Cengage Learning.

5. AtulKahate, "Cryptography and Network Security", TMH

CSE

Program Elective IV

MCO 095B	Soft Computing	3-0-0
1100 0700	Sole Computing	

Course Objective

To introduce the concepts in Soft Computing such as Artificial Neural Networks, Fuzzy logic-based systems, genetic algorithm-based systems and their hybrid models.

UNIT 1:	Introduction : Introduction to soft computing, soft computing vs. hard computing, various types of soft computing techniques, Requirement of Soft computing, Major Areas of Soft Computing, applications of soft computing, Concept of Neural Network, Definition, advantage of Neural network, Application scope of Neural network, Fuzzy computing, Genetic Algorithms, Hybrid System.
UNIT 2:	Neural Network : Structure and Function of a single neuron: Biological neuron, artificial neuron, definition of ANN, Taxonomy of neural net, Difference b/w ANN and human brain, characteristic and applications of ANN, single layer network, Mcculloch Pitts Model, learning rules – Hebbian, Delta, Percepron learning and Windrow-Hoff, winner-take-all
UNIT 3:	Perceptron: Perceptron training algorithm, Linear separability, Introduction of MLP, different activation functions, Error back propagation algorithm, derivation of BBPA, momentum, limitation, characteristics and application of EBPA, Introduction to Associative Memory, Adaptive Resonance theor y and Self Organizing Map and Radial Basis Function network, Recent Applications.
UNIT 4:	Fuzzy Logic : Fuzzy set theory, Fuzzy set versus crisp set, Crisp relation & fuzzy relations, Fuzzy systems: crisp logic, fuzzy logic, introduction & features of membership functions. Fuzzy rule base system: Fuzzy propositions, formation, decomposition & aggregation of fuzzy Rules, fuzzy reasoning, fuzzy inference systems, cuts for fuzzy sets, fuzzy decision making & Applications of fuzzy logic, Defuzzification methods.
UNIT 5:	Genetic Algorithm : Fundamental, basic concepts, working principle, encoding, fitness function, reproduction, Genetic modeling: Inheritance operator, cross over, inversion & deletion, mutation operator, Bitwise operator, Generational Cycle, Convergence of GA, Applications & advances in GA, Differences & similarities between GA & other traditional methods, Genetic-neuro hybrid systems, Genetic- Fuzzy rule based system.

Course Outcomes:

- CO1. Learn soft computing techniques and their applications.
- CO2. Understand perceptrons and analyze various neural network architectures.
- CO3. Understand and explain the fuzzy systems.
- CO4. Understand and analyze the genetic algorithms and their applications.

Course Outcome				Program Specific Outcome											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	Н	Н										Н			
CO2	Н	Н			М										
CO3	М	М											М	Н	
CO4	Н	Н	М		М							Н	М	М	

MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

H = Highly Related; M = Medium; L = Low

Text Books

- 1. S.N. Sivanandam, S.N. Deepa, "Principles of Soft Computing", 2nd Edition, Wiley, 2011
- 2. Timothy J. Ross, Fuzzy Logic with engineering applications, John Wiley & Sons, 2016.
- 3. N. K. Sinha and M. M. Gupta, Soft Computing & Intelligent Systems: Theory & Applications-Academic Press /Elsevier. 2009.
- 4. Simon Haykin, Neural Network- A Comprehensive Foundation- Prentice Hall International, Inc.1998 3.
- 5. Driankov D., Hellendoorn H. and Reinfrank M., An Introduction to Fuzzy Control Narosa Pub., 2001.

MCO 011 A		2.0.2
MCO 011A	Cloud Computing: Course Outlines	3-0-2

Course Objective:

- 1. To familiarize the philosophy, power, practical use of cloud.
- 2. To introduce fundamental principles, technology, and techniques of CC
- 3. To Discuss common problems that can be best solved with/in cloud
- 4. To Eliminate misconceptions about cloud computing

UNIT 1:	Understanding cloud computing: Introduction to Cloud Computing - Benefits and Drawbacks - Types of Cloud Service Development - Deployment models
UNIT 2:	Cloud Architecture Technology and Architectural Requirements: The Business Case for Clouds - Hardware and Infrastructure – Accessing the cloud – Cloud Storage – Standards- Software as a Service – Discovering Cloud Services Development tools. Three Layered Architectural Requirement - Provider Requirements
UNIT 3:	Service Centric Issues - Interoperability - QoS - Fault Tolerance - Data Management Storage and Processing - Virtualization Management - Scalability - Load Balancing - Cloud Deployment for Enterprises - User Requirement - Comparative Analysis of Requirement.
UNIT 4:	Security Management in Cloud: Security Management Standards - Security Management in the Cloud Availability Management - SaaS Availability Management - PaaS Availability Management - IaaS Availability Management - Access Control - Security Vulnerability, Patch, and Configuration Management – Privacy in Cloud- The Key Privacy Concerns in the Cloud - Security in Cloud Computing.
UNIT 5:	Virtualization: Objectives - Benefits - Virtualization Technologies - Data Storage Virtualization – Storage Virtualization – Improving Availability using Virtualization - Improving Performance using Virtualization- Improving Capacity using Virtualization.

Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

CO1: Identify the philosophy, power, and practical use of cloud.

- CO2: Present fundamental principles, technology, and techniques of CC
- CO3: Solve common problems that can be encountered during setup of virtual server and storage.

CO4: Build understanding of key privacy concerns in cloud security management.

Text books:

- 1. David S Linthicum, "Cloud Computing and SOA Convergence in your Enterprise A Step by Step Guide", Addison Wesley Information Technology Series.
- 2. Anthony T Velte, Toby J.Velte, Robert Elsenpeter, "Cloud computing A Practical Approach ", Tata McGraw Hill Publication

References:

- 1. Tim Mather, Subra Kumara swamy, Shahed Latif, "Cloud Security and Privacy -
- 2. An Enterprise Perspective on Risks and Compliance", O'Reilly Publications, First Edition
- 3. Michael Miller, "Cloud Computing Web-Based Applications that Change the Way You Work and Collaborate Online", Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2009.
- 4. Cloud Computing Specialist Certification Kit Virtualization Study Guide.

Mapping course outcomes leading to the achievement of program outcomes and program specific outcomes:

Course Outcome						Progra	Program Outcome														
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3						
CO1	Н		L		Н							М			L						
CO2									Н		L		Н	L							
CO3			Н											Н	Н						

<i>CO4</i>	Н				М	Н			Н	
H = I	Highly Relate	d; M =	Mediun	nL = L	.0W					

MCO 101A Neural Networks Programming Techniques 3-0-0

Course Objective:

- To explain basic concepts of neuron networks
- To explain multiple models of neural networks
- To understand applications of neural networks

UNIT 1:	Basics of ANN: Models to Neuron; Basic learning laws. Activation and Synaptic Dynamics: Activation dynamics models; Synaptic dynamics models; Stability and Convergence.
UNIT 2:	Analysis of Feed forward Neural Networks: Linear associative networks for pattern association; Single layer and Multilayer Perception network for pattern classification; Multi layer feed forward neural networks for pattern mapping
UNIT 3:	Analysis of Feedback Neural Networks: Linear auto associative networks; Hopfield model for pattern storage; stochastic networks; Boltzmann machine for pattern environment storage.
UNIT 4:	Competitive Learning Neural Networks: Basic competitive learning laws; Analysis of pattern clustering networks; Analysis of self-organizing feature mapping networks
UNIT 5:	Applications of ANN: Pattern classification problems; Optimization; Control.

Outcomes

At the end of this course Students will be able to:

- Explain basic concepts of neural networks
- Explain different feed forward networks
- Explain different feedback networks
- Explain competitive learning
- Understand applications of ANN

MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

Course Outcome		Program Outcome													Program Specific Dutcome		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3		
CO1	Н	Н										Н	М		М		
CO2	Н	Н			М												
CO3	М	М											М	Н			
CO4	Η	Η	М		М							Н	М	М	L		

• H = Highly Related; M = Medium; L = Low

Texts/References:

1. J.A. Anderson, An Introduction to Neural Networks, MIT

Reference Books:

 Hagen Demuth Beale, Neural Network Design, Cengage Learning
 Laurene V. Fausett, "Fundamentals of Neural Networks: Architectures, Algorithms and Applications", Pearson India
 Kosko, Neural Network and Fuzzy Sets, PHI

Cyber Security Track

Cyber Security

Program Elective I

	MCO 016A	Information System Security	3-0-0
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Course Objective:

- To perform a risk assessment of an information system.
- To identify the security requirements for an information system.
- To use available government information system security resources when designing systems.

UNIT 1:	Introduction to Securities: Introduction to security attacks, services and mechanism, Classical encryption techniques substitution ciphers and transposition ciphers, cryptanalysis, steganography, Stream and block ciphers. Modern Block Ciphers: Block ciphers principles, Shannon's theory of confusion and diffusion, fiestal structure, Data encryption standard (DES), Strength of DES, Idea of differential cryptanalysis, block cipher modes of operations, Triple DES
UNIT 2:	Modular Arithmetic: Introduction to group, field, finite field of the form GF(p), modular arithmetic, prime and relative prime numbers, Extended Euclidean Algorithm, Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) encryption and decryption Fermat's and Euler's theorem, Primality testing, Chinese Remainder theorem, Discrete Logarithmic Problem, Principals of public key crypto systems, RSA algorithm, security of RSA
UNIT 3:	Message Authentication Codes: Authentication requirements, authentication functions, message authentication code, hash functions, birthday attacks, security of hash functions, Securehash algorithm (SHA) Digital Signatures: Digital Signatures, Elgamal Digital Signature Techniques, Digital signature standards (DSS), proof of digital signature algorithm
UNIT 4:	 Key Management and distribution: Symmetric key distribution, Diffie- Hellman Key Exchange, Public key distribution, X.509 Certificates, Public key Infrastructure. Authentication Applications: Kerberos Electronic mail security: pretty good privacy (PGP), S/MIME.
UNIT 5:	 IP Security: Architecture, Authentication header, Encapsulating security payloads, combining security associations, key management. Introduction to Secure Socket Layer, Secure electronic, transaction (SET). System Security: Introductory idea of Intrusion, Intrusion detection, Viruses and related threats, firewalls.

Outcomes:

At the end of the course, students should be able to:

CO1: Perform a risk assessment of an information system.

CO2: Identify the security requirements for an information system.

CO3:Use available government information system security resources when designing systems.

MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

Course Outcome	Program Outcome														Program Specific Outcome		
	POI	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<i>PO</i> 7	PO8	PO9	PO10	P011	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3		
CO1	Н	M			L	L					М		Η		М		
CO2			Н	M			Η				М			М			
СОЗ	Н				L	М							Η				

Μ

• H = Highly Related; M = Medium L = Low

Suggested Books:

1. William Stallings, "Cryptography and Network Security: Principals and Practice", Pearson Education.

- 2. Behrouz A. Frouzan: Cryptography and Network Security, TMH
- 3. Bruce Schiener, "Applied Cryptography". John Wiley & Sons
- 4. Bernard Menezes," Network Security and Cryptography", Cengage Learning.
- 5. AtulKahate, "Cryptography and Network Security", TMH
Cyber Security

Program Elective II

I	MCO 057B	Ethical Hacking	3-0-0
		Ethical Hacking	3-0-0

Course Objective: By the end of the course students will able to:

- 1. Learn various hacking methods.
- 2. Perform system security vulnerability testing.
- 3. Perform system vulnerability exploit attacks.
- 4. Produce a security assessment report
- 5. Learn various issues related to hacking.

UNIT 1:	Hacking Windows: BIOS Passwords, Windows Login Passwords, Changing Windows Visuals, Cleaning Your Tracks, Internet Explorer Users, Cookies, URL Address Bar, Netscape Communicator, Cookies, URL History, The Registry, Baby Sitter Programs.
UNIT 2:	Advanced Windows Hacking: Editing your Operating Systems by editing Explorer.exe, The Registry, The Registry Editor, Description of .reg file, Command Line Registry Arguments, Other System Files, Some Windows & DOS Tricks, Customize DOS, Clearing the CMOS without opening your PC, The Untold Windows Tips and Tricks Manual, Exiting Windows the Cool and Quick Way, Ban Shutdowns: A Trick to Play, Disabling Display of Drives in My Computer, Take Over the Screen Saver, Pop a Banner each time Windows Boots, Change the Default Locations, Secure your Desktop Icons and Settings.
UNIT 3:	Getting Past the Password: Passwords: An Introduction, Password Cracking, Cracking the Windows Login Password, The Glide Code, Windows Screen Saver Password, XOR, Internet Connection Password, Sam Attacks, Cracking Unix Password Files, HTTP Basic Authentication, BIOS Passwords, Cracking Other Passwords, .
UNIT 4:	The Perl Manual: Perl: The Basics, Scalars, Interacting with User by getting Input, Chomp() and Chop(), Operators, Binary Arithmetic Operators, The Exponentiation Operator(**), The Unary Arithmetic Operators, Other General Operators, Conditional Statements, Assignment Operators. The?: Operator, Loops, The While Loop, The For Loop, Arrays, THE FOR EACH LOOP: Moving through an Array, Functions Associated with Arrays, Push() and Pop(), Unshift() and Shift(), Splice(), Default Variables, \$_, @ARGV, Input Output, Opening Files for Reading, Another Special VariableS.

	How does a Virus Work? What is a Virus?, Boot Sector Viruses (MBR or
	Master Boot Record), File or Program Viruses, Multipartite Viruses, Stealth
	Viruses, Polymorphic Viruses, Macro Viruses, Blocking Direct Disk Access,
UNIT 5:	Recognizing Master Boot Record (MBR) Modifications, Identifying
UNIT 5:	Unknown Device Drivers, How do I make my own Virus?, Macro Viruses,
	Using Assembly to Create your own Virus, How to Modify a Virus so Scan
	won"t Catch it, How to Create New Virus Strains, Simple Encryption
	Methods.

Course Outcome (CO):

At the end of this course, students will demonstrate ability to:

1. Work on various hacking methods and use this method to stop cyber-crime.

2. Implement system security vulnerability testing and make system more secure.

3. Analyze system vulnerability exploit attacks and make some preventive measure for secure system.

4. Generate a security assessment report

5. Analyze various issues related to hacking.

MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

Course Outcome			Program Specifice Outcome												
	POI	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<i>P07</i>	PO8	PO9	PO10	P011	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
COI	M					L		M				M	Μ	L	
<i>CO2</i>	M			Н	Н		L	M							
CO3	M	Н		Н	M	L		M	L		Μ				Н
<i>CO4</i>			L					M				Н			
<i>CO5</i>			M		Μ	L	L	M	L			Н	Η		Η

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Patrick Engbreston: "The Basics of Hacking and Penetration Testing: Ethical Hacking and Penetration Testing Made Easy", 1st Edition, Syngress publication, 2011.

2. Ankit Fadia : "Unofficial Guide to Ethical Hacking", 3rd Edition , McMillan India Ltd,2006.

REFERENCES:

1. Simpson/backman/corley, "HandsOn Ethical Hacking & Network Defense International", 2nd Edition, Cengageint, 2011.

Cyber Security

Program Elective 3

MCO 064B	Digital Forensics	3-0-0
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Course Objective:

1. The main objective of the course is to introduce the students to bring awareness in crimes and tracing the attackers.

2. Define digital forensics from electronic media.

3. Describe how to prepare for digital evidence investigations and explain the differences between law enforcement agency and corporate investigations.

4. Explain the various forensic technologies and protection of data.

5. To get familiarize with various Risk Management Techniques and their use.

UNIT 1:	Introduction & evidential potential of digital devices – Key developments, Digital devices in society, Technology and culture, Comment, Closed vs. open systems, evaluating digital evidence potential. Device Handling & Examination Principles: Seizure issues, Device identification, Networked devices, Contamination, Previewing, Imaging, Continuity and hashing, Evidence locations.
UNIT 2:	A sevenelement security model, A developmental model of digital systems, Knowing, Unknowing, Audit and logs, Data content, Data context. Internet & Mobile Devices The ISO / OSI model, The internet protocol suite, DNS, Internet applications, Mobile phone PDAs, GPS, Other personal technology.
UNIT 3:	Introduction to Computer Forensics, Use of Computer Forensics in Law Enforcement, Computer Forensics Assistance to Human Resources / Employment Proceedings, Computer Forensics Services, Benefits of Professional Forensics Methodology, Steps Taken by Computer Forensics Specialists, Who Can Use Computer Forensic Evidence?, Case Histories, Case Studies.
UNIT 4:	Types of Military Computer Forensic Technology, Types of Law Enforcement: Computer Forensic Technology, Types of Business Computer Forensic Technology, Specialized Forensics Techniques, Hidden Data and How to Find It, Spyware and Adware, Encryption Methods and Vulnerabilities, Protecting Data from Being Compromised, Internet Tracing Methods 65.
UNIT 5:	Homeland Security Systems. Occurrence of Cyber Crime, Cyber Detectives, Fighting Cyber Crime with Risk Management Techniques, Computer Forensics Investigative Services, Forensic Process Improvement, Course Content, Case Histories.

Course Outcome (CO):

At the end of this course, students will demonstrate ability to:

CO1: The students are aware about cyber-crimes and tracing the attackers.

CO2: Learn about digital forensics and collection of digital forensics from electronic media. CO3: Describe how to prepare for digital evidence investigations and explain the differences between law enforcement agency and corporate investigations.

CO4. Explain the various forensic technologies and protection of data.

CO5. To get familiarize with various Risk Management Techniques and their use.

MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

Course Outcome				Program Specific Outcome											
	POI	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	P011	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	Η	M	M	M		L		M		L		M	Н	М	M
CO2	Н		M	Η	M	Н	L		L		L	L	Н	М	М
CO3	M	M		M			L	L		М				М	
<i>CO4</i>	L		M					M		L		L	L		
CO5	M	M			M		М					L		М	

L

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Angus M.Mashall, "Digital Forensics", 2nd Edition, Wiley-Blackwell, A John Wiley & Sons Ltd Publication, 2008.

2. John R. Vacca, "Computer forensics : Computer Crime Scene Investigation", 2nd Edition, Charles River Media, Inc. Boston, Massachusetts.

REFERENCES:

1. Michael G. Noblett; Mark M. Pollitt, Lawrence A. Presley (October 2000), "Recovering and examining computer forensic evidence", Retrieved 26 July 2010.

2. Leigland, R (September 2004). "A Formalization of Digital Forensics".(Pdf document).

3. Geiger, M (March 2005). "Evaluating Commercial Counter-Forensic Tools" (Pdf document).

Cyber Security

Program Elective 4

MCO 059B SECURITY THREATS & VULNERABILITIES 3-0-0

Course Objective:

- 1. To impart the knowledge on various security threats and issues and how to overcome those issues.
- 2. To identify and explain the capability to handle various attackers and crime issues.
- 3. To educate various issues involved in threats overcome methods.
- 4. To impart the knowledge on various Forensic analysis and risk analysis.
- 5. To familiarize students with inner security issues involved in mail agents, viruses and worms.

	Introduction: Security threats - Sources of security threats- Motives - Target
UNIT 1:	Assets and Vulnerabilities. Consequences of threats- E-mail threats - Web-
	threats - Intruders and Hackers, Insider threats, Cyber crimes.
	Network Threats: Active/ Passive - Interference - Interception -
	Impersonation – Worms – Virus – Spam"s – Ad ware - Spy ware – Trojans
UNIT 2:	and covert channels - Backdoors - Bots - IP Spoofing - ARP spoofing -
	Session Hijacking - Sabotage-Internal treats- Environmental threats - Threats
	to Server security.
	Security Threat Management: Risk Assessment - Forensic Analysis - Security
INUT 2.	threat correlation – Threat awareness - Vulnerability sources and assessment-
UNIT 3:	Vulnerability assessment tools - Threat identification - Threat Analysis -
	Threat Modeling - Model for Information Security Planning.
	Security Elements: Authorization and Authentication - types, policies and
	techniques - Security certification - Security monitoring and Auditing -
UNIT 4:	Security Requirements Specifications - Security Policies and Procedures,
	Firewalls, IDS, Log Files, Honey Pots
	Access control, Trusted Computing and multilevel security - Security models,
UNUT 5.	Trusted Systems, Software security issues, Physical and infrastructure
UNIT 5:	security, Human factors - Security awareness, training, Email and Internet
	use policies.

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

CO1. The Student will gain the knowledge on various security threats and issues and how to overcome those issues.

CO2. The student will get the capability to handle various attackers and crime issues.

CO3. Learning various issues involved in threats overcome methods.

CO4. Learning Forensic analysis and risk analysis.

CO5. Learn inner security issues involved in mail agents, viruses and worms.

MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

Course Outcome				Program Specific Outcome											
	POI	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<i>P07</i>	PO8	PO9	PO10	P011	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
COI	Н	M	M		M		L			L	М	L	М	Н	
<i>CO2</i>		M	M		Η	L	L				М	L		L	М
CO3	Н	M	M	M		L		L			L		Н	L	Н
<i>CO4</i>		M					M				М		M	Μ	
<i>CO5</i>	M			Н					L	L			Μ		

• H = Highly Related; M = Medium L = Low

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Swiderski, Frank and Syndex: "Threat Modeling", 1st Edition, Microsoft Press, 2004.

2. Joseph M Kizza: "Computer Network Security", 1st Edition, Springer, 2010.

3. William Stallings and Lawrie Brown: "Computer Security: Principles and Practice", 2nd Edition Prentice Hall, 2008.

REFERENCES:

1. Lawrence J Fennelly : "Handbook of Loss Prevention and Crime Prevention" 5th Edition, Butterworth-Heinemann,2012.

2. Tipton Ruthbe Rg : "Handbook of Information Security Management", 6th Edition, Auerbach Publications, 2010.

3. Mark Egan : "The Executive Guide to Information Security", 1st Edition, Addison-Wesley Professional, 2004.

Cyber Security

Program Elective 5

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MCO 058B	Cyber Laws And Security Policies	3-0-0

Course Objective:

- 1. To introduce the various cyber laws and their legal perspective.
- 2. To get familiarize with various Act related to information technology.
- 3. To aware the students with e business and legal issues.
- 4. To introduce the cyber ethics in various fields.
- 5. To provide practical exposure on cyber crime.

	Introduction to Cyber Law Evolution of Computer Technology :
UNIT 1:	Emergence of Cyber space. Cyber Jurisprudence, Jurisprudence and law, Doctrinal approach, Consensual approach, Real Approach, Cyber Ethics, Cyber Jurisdiction, Hierarchy of courts, Civil and criminal jurisdictions, Cyberspace-Web space, Web hosting and web Development agreement, Legal and Technological Significance of domain Names, Internet as a tool for global access.
UNIT 2:	Information technology Act : Overview of IT Act, 2000, Amendments and Limitations of IT Act, Digital Signatures, Cryptographic Algorithm, Public Cryptography, Private Cryptography, Electronic Governance, Legal Recognition of Electronic Records, Legal Recognition of Digital Signature Certifying Authorities, Cyber Crime and Offences, Network Service Providers Liability, Cyber Regulations Appellate Tribunal, Penalties and Adjudication.
UNIT 3:	 Electronic Business and legal issues: Evolution and development in E- commerce, paper vs paper less contracts E-Commerce models- B2B, B2C, E security. Application area: Business, taxation, electronic payments, supply chain, EDI, E-markets, Emerging Trends.
UNIT 4:	Cyber Ethics: The Importance of Cyber Law, Significance of cyber-Ethics, Need for Cyber regulations and Ethics. Ethics in Information society, Introduction to Artificial Intelligence Ethics: Ethical Issues in AI and core Principles, Introduction to Block chain Ethics.
UNIT 5:	Case Study on Cyber Crimes: Harassment Via E-Mails, Email Spoofing (Online A Method Of Sending E-Mail Using A False Name Or E-Mail Address To Make It Appear That The E-Mail Comes From Somebody Other Than The True Sender, Cyber Pornography (Exm.MMS), Cyber-Stalking

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- 1. Familiar with various cyber laws and their legal perspective with practical aspects.
- 2. Know about various Act related to information technology.
- 3. Enhance their skills in the field e-business and legal issues in cyber space.

- 4. Learn the cyber ethics in various fields and their significance.
- 5. Get the practical exposure on cyber-security.

MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

Course Outcome				Program Specific Outcome											
	POI	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<i>PO</i> 7	PO8	PO9	PO10	P011	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
COI	L			Н		M					L		Н	М	М
CO2							L				L		Н		
CO3	M		M			M				L		М		Н	
<i>CO4</i>							M	Н						L	М
<i>CO5</i>	L		L		М	Μ					Н	М	Н	М	

TEXT BOOKS :

1 .K.Kumar," Cyber Laws: Intellectual property & E Commerce, Security",1st Edition, Dominant Publisher,2011.

2. Rodney D. Ryder, "Guide To Cyber Laws", Second Edition, Wadhwa And Company, New Delhi, 2007.

3. Information Security policy & implementation Issues, NIIT, PHI.

REFERENCES:

1. Vakul Sharma, "Handbook Of Cyber Laws" Macmillan India Ltd, 2nd Edition, PHI, 2003.

2. Justice Yatindra Singh, "Cyber Laws", Universal Law Publishing, 1st Edition, New Delhi, 2003.

3. Sharma, S.R., "Dimensions Of Cyber Crime", Annual Publications Pvt. Ltd., 1st Edition, 2004.

4. Augastine, Paul T.," Cyber Crimes And Legal Issues", Crecent Publishing Corporation, 2007.

MCO 061B	Ethical Hacking And Digital Forensic Tools Lab	0-0-2

Course Objectives:

The main objective this practical session is that students will get the exposure to various forensic tools and scripting languages.

The following programs should be implemented preferably on platform Windows/Unix through perl, shell scripting language and other standard utilities available with UNIX systems.

Part A :

:-

Write a perl script to concatenate ten messages and transmit to remote server

 a) Using arrays
 b) Without using arrays.

2. Write a perl script to implement following functions:

- a) Stack functions b) File functions c) File text functions
- d) Directory functions e) Shift, unshift, Splice functions.

3. Write a Perl script to secure windows operating systems and web browser by disabling Hardware and software units.

4. Write a perl script to implement Mail bombing and trace the hacker.

5. Write a shell script to crack UNIX login passwords and trace it when breaking is happened.

Part B: Exposure on Forensic tools.

1. Backup the images file from RAM using Helix3pro tool and show the analysis.

2. Introduction to Santhoku Linux operating system and features extraction.

3. Using Santoku operating system generates the analysis document for any attacked file from by taking backup image from RAM.

4. Using Santoku operating system generates the attacker injected viewing java files.

5. Using Santoku operating system shows how attackers opened various Firefox URL's and pdf document JavaScript files and show the analysis.

6. Using Santoku operating System files show how an attacker connected to the various network inodes by the specific process.

7. Using exiftool (-k) generate the any picture hardware and software.

8. Using deft 6.1 tool recover the attacker browsing data from any computer.

Using Courier tool Extract a hacker secret bitmap image hidden data.

10. Using sg (Stegnography) cyber Forensic tool hide a message in a document or any file.

- 11. Using sg cyber Forensic tool unhide a message in a document or any file.
- 12. Using Helix3pro tool show how to extract deleted data file from hard disk or usb device.
- 13. Using Ghostnet tool hide a message into a picture or any image file.
- 14. Using kgbkey logger tool record or generate an document what a user working on system
- 15. Using pinpoint metaviewr tool extract a metadata from system or from image file.
- 16. Using Bulk Extractor tool extract information from windows file system.

Course Outcomes:

By the completion of this laboratory session Student 1. Will get the practical exposure to forensic tools.

2. Will gain the knowledge on perl and Unix scripting languages to implement various security attacks.

3. Will get the ideas in various ways to trace an attacker.

MCO 061 B	Cryptography And Security Lab	0-0-2
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Course Educational Objectives:

The objective of this course is that to understand the principles of encryption algorithms, conventional and public key cryptography practically with real time applications.

The following programs should be implemented preferably on platform Windows/Unix using C language (for 1-5) and other standard utilities available with UNIX systems (for 6-15) :-

1. Implement the encryption and decryption of 8-bit data using Simplified DES Algorithm (created by Prof. Edward Schaefer) in C

- 2. Write a program to break the above DES coding
- 3. Implement Linear Congruential Algorithm to generate 5 pseudo-random numbers in C
- 4. Implement Rabin-Miller Primality Testing Algorithm in C
- 5. Implement the Euclid Algorithm to generate the GCD of an array of 10 integers in C
- 6. a)Implement RSA algorithm for encryption and decryption in C

b) In an RSA System, the public key of a given user is e=31,n=3599.

Write a program to find private key of the User.

7. Configure a mail agent to support Digital Certificates, send a mail and verify the correctness of this system using the configured parameters.

8. Configure SSH (Secure Shell) and send/receive a file on this connection to verify the correctness of this system using the configured parameters.

9. Configure a firewall to block the following for 5 minutes and verify the correctness of this system using the configured parameters: (a) Two neighborhood IP addresses on your LAN (b) All ICMP requests (c) All TCP SYN Packets

10. Configure S/MIME and show email-authentication.

11. Implement encryption and decryption with openssl.

12. Implement Using IP TABLES on Linux and setting the filtering rules.

13. Implementation of proxy based security protocols in C or C++ with features like Confidentiality, integrity and authentication.

14. Working with Sniffers for monitoring network communication (Ethereal)

15. Using IP TABLES on Linux and setting the filtering rules

Course Outcomes:

By the end of the course students will

1. Know the methods of conventional encryption.

2. Understand the concepts of public key encryption and number theory

3. Understand various applications of cryptography and security issues practically.

Cyber Security

Program Elective 6

MCO 069B	Information Security Risk Management	3-0-0	
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Course Objective

To understand and development of concepts required for risk-based planning and risk management of computer and information systems

UNIT 1:	An Introduction to Risk Management: Introduction to the Theories of Risk Management; The Changing Environment; The Art of Managing Risks.
UNIT 2:	The Threat Assessment Process: Threat Assessment and its Input to Risk Assessment; Threat Assessment Method; Example Threat Assessment
UNIT 3:	Vulnerability Issues: Operating System Vulnerabilities; Application Vulnerabilities; Public Domain or Commercial Off-the-Shelf Software; Connectivity and Dependence; Vulnerability assessment for natural disaster, technological hazards, and terrorist threats; implications for emergency response, vulnerability of critical infrastructures
UNIT 4:	The Risk Process: What is Risk Assessment? Risk Analysis; Who is Responsible?
UNIT 5:	Tools and Types of Risk Assessment: Qualitative and Quantitative risk Assessment; Policies, Procedures, Plans, and Processes of Risk Management; Tools and Techniques; Integrated Risk Management; Future Directions: The Future of the Risk Management.

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

CO1: The ability to identify, analyse and articulate the importance of managing IS-related risk and security issues in organizations, and the relationship between these and the achievement of business value from IS/IT investments

CO2: The ability to identify, analyse, synthesize and evaluate the costs of not appropriately identifying and managing risk and security concerns in projects and organizations, resulting in IS/IT failures, dysfunctional systems, and systems which fail to deliver value to key stakeholders

CO3: The practical ability to develop and document IS/IT risk and security management plans that detail contingency planning strategies and practices

CO4: The ability to identify, analyze, synthesize and articulate the major theories and concepts associated with IS failure and the management of IS risk, including factors argued to lead to unsatisfactory outcomes with respect to IS/IT and Information Security

Course Outcome	Program Outcome														
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<i>P07</i>	PO8	<i>PO</i> 9	PO10	P011	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
COI	Н	Н		M		L					L		Н	М	
<i>CO2</i>				M	M		L	M		М		L	M		M
СО3			Н			M				М		L		М	
<i>CO4</i>				Μ	М		M	М			Н		М		М

MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

Text books:

1. Malcolm Harkins, Managing Risk and Information Security, Apress, 2012.

2. Daniel Minoli, Information Technology Risk Management in Enterprise Environments, Wiley, 2009.

Reference books:

 Andy Jones, Debi Ashenden ,Risk Management for Computer Security: Protecting Your Network & Information Assets, , 1st Edition, Butterworth-heinemann, Elsevier, 2005.
 Andreas Von Grebmer, Information and IT Risk Management in a Nutshell: A pragmatic

approach to Information Security, 2008, Books on Demand Gbh.

Artificial Intelligence Track

Artificial Intelligence Program Elective 1

MCO 117A	Principles of Artificial Intelligence & Machine Learning	3-0-0
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Course Objective:

- Able to explain the basic principles of artificial intelligence
- Students can apply logic and structured concepts in knowledge representation and discuss the applications of artificial intelligence
- To implement and analyze uninformed and informed Search Strategies
- To implement and apply various game playing algorithms to different problems
- Understand and represent various types of logics and their forms
- To Understand various Learning techniques

UNIT 1:	 Introduction- What is intelligence? Foundations of artificial intelligence (AI), Task of artificial intelligence, Techniques of artificial intelligence, Problem Solving Formulating problems, problem types, states and operators, state space. Knowledge Representation- Role of Knowledge, Declarative Knowledge, Procedural Knowledge, Knowledge representation Techniques; conceptual graphs; structured representations; frames, scripts; issues in knowledge representation
UNIT 2:	Uninformed & Informed Search Strategies- Breath First Search, Depth First Search, Depth Limited Search, Heuristic Functions, Best First Search, Hill Climbing Algorithm, Problems and solutions of Hill Climbing, Iterative Deepening (IDA), A* algorithm, AO* Algorithm.
UNIT 3:	Game playing- Introduction, Types of games, Minimax game algorithm, Alpha Beta cut-off procedure. Case Study of Games
UNIT 4:	Logics- P ropositional logics, First Order Predicate Logics (FOPL), Syntax of First Order Predicate Logics, Properties of Wff, Clausal Forms, Conversion to clausal forms.
UNIT 5:	Machine Learning- Definition of learning systems, Goals and applications of machine learning. Aspects of developing a learning system- Training data, Concept representation, Function approximation, Issues in machine learning. Types of machine learning-Learning associations. Supervised learning - Classification and regression trees, Support vector machines. Unsupervised learning - Clustering, Instance-based learning , K-nearest neighbor, Locally weighted regression, Radial basis function, Reinforcement learning

Course Outcomes: Upon the end of this course, student will be :

- CO1: Familiar with the basic principles of artificial intelligence
- CO2: To implement and analyze Uninformed and Informed Search algorithms
- CO3: Able to represent and apply various logics and structured concepts in knowledge representation
- CO4: To implement and apply various game playing algorithms to different problems
- CO5: To understand various Learning techniques

COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

Course Outco me			Program Specific Outcome												
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1 0	PO1 1	PO1 2	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	Н	L	L	М								Н	L		
CO2	Н	Н	Н	М	Н				Н		М	Н	М		
СО3	Н	М	М	Н	Н	L		L	М		М	Н	M	M	
CO4	Н	М	М	Н	Н	L		L	Н		М	Н	Н	M	
CO5	Н	М							М			Н	L		М

H = Highly Related; M = Medium L = Low

Text Books:

1. Stuart Russell and Peter Norvig. Artificial Intelligence – A Modern Approach, Pearson Education Press, 2001.

2. Kevin Knight, Elaine Rich, B. Nair, Artificial Intelligence, McGraw Hill, 2008.

3. Tom M. Mitchell, "Machine Learning", McGraw-Hill Education (INDIAN EDITION), 2013.

Reference Books:

1. George F. Luger, Artificial Intelligence, Pearson Education, 2001.

2. Nils J. Nilsson, Artificial Intelligence: A New Synthesis, Morgan Kauffman, 2002.

Artificial Intelligence Program Elective 2

MCO 090B	Knowledge Engineering and Expert Systems	3-0-0
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Course Objective: At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- To explain and describe the concepts central to the creation of knowledge bases and expert systems.
- Knowledgeable about the tools and the processes used for the creation of an expert system.
- Student will know methods used to evaluate the performance of an expert system.
- Students will be able to examine properties of existing systems in a case-study manner, comparing differing approaches and software tools

UNIT1	Introduction To Knowledge Engineering: The Human Expert And An Artificial,									
	Expert Knowledge Base And Inference Engine, Importance of Expert System, features									
	of Expert System, Knowledge Acquisition And Knowledge Representation,									
	Components of a Knowledge in Expert system									
UNIT2	Knowledge Acquisition & Problem Solving process: Introduction, Knowledge Acquisition									
	and domain Expert, Selection of the domain, Selection of the Knowledge Engineers,									
	Meetings and Plans, Organization of Meetings ,Documentation, Multiple domain									
	Experts. Selecting the appropriate Problem, Rule Based Systems, and Heuristic									
	Classifications Constructive Problem Solving.									
UNIT3	Design of Expert System: Introduction, Stages in the Developing Expert System,									
	Errors in Development stages, Software Engineering and Expert Systems, The Expert									
	System Life Cycle, Expert System Design Examples, Case Based Reasoning, Semantic									
	of Expert, Systems.									
UNIT4	Inference Engine: Inference Engine, Insight of Inference Engine, Search Strategies,									
	Forward Chaining Algorithm, Algorithms for forward Chaining- Baseline Version,									
	Backward Chaining Algorithm, Algorithms for Backward Chaining-Baseline Version,									
	Mixed Modes of Chaining, Work sheets for Forward and Backward Chaining									
UNIT 5	Software Tools: Overview of Expert System Tools, Expert System Shells, Multiple									
	Paradigm Environments, Abstract architectures, Potential Implementation Problems,									
	Selecting a Software Tool, Implementation Mechanism of tools, Black Board									
	Architecture, Reasoning under uncertainty and Truth Maintenance Systems, Case-study :									
	DENDRAL and MYCIN									

Course Outcome:

- CO1. To get introduced to the basic knowledge representation in Expert system
- CO2. Understand the Knowledge Acquisition & Problem Solving methods
- CO3. Understand, analyze and evaluate the performance of an expert system.
- CO4. Understand and identify various rules in inference engine
- CO5. Identify ,apply and compare Expert system software tool to solve real life problems

Course Outcom e	Prog	gram	Program Specific Outcome												
	POI	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	POII	PO12	PSOI	PSO2	PSO3
COI	Н	Н	M									Н			
<i>CO2</i>	Н	Н	Н									M		M	
СОЗ	Н	М	M	M	M						M	Н	M	M	
<i>CO4</i>	Н	М	М	М	М							M		M	
CO5	Н	М	М	М	M	M					M	M	Н	Н	

H = Highly Related; M = Medium; L = Low

Text Books:

1. Peter Jackson, "Introduction to Expert Systems", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education 2007.

2. Robert I. Levine, Diane E. Drang, Barry Edelson: "AI and Expert Systems: a comprehensive guide, C language", 2nd edition, McGraw-Hill 1990.

3. Jean-Louis Ermine: "Expert Systems: Theory and Practice", 4th printing, Prentice-Hall of India, 2001.

4. Stuart Russell, Peter Norvig: "Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach",2nd Edition,Pearson Education, 2007.

5. Padhy N.P.: "Artificial Intelligence and Intelligent Systems",4th impression, Oxford University Press, 2007.

Artificial Intelligence Program Elective 3

MCO 082B Pattern Recognition	3-0-0
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Course Objective

- Understand how to generate pattern and explain how to analyze pattern features
- Understand how to build classifiers using non parametric methods.
- Learn and compare principles of parametric and non parametric classification
- Implement pattern recognition and machine learning theories
- Able to apply the pattern recognition theories to applications of interest

	Pattern Recognition Overview
	Overview of Pattern Recognition- Relations of PR with other Systems, PR
Module 1:	Applications, Different Approaches to Pattern Recognition, Classification
	and Description—Patterns and feature extraction with Examples—Training
	and Learning in PR systems—Pattern recognition Approaches.
	Statistical Pattern Recognition Introduction to statistical Pattern
Module 2:	Recognition, Gaussian Case and Class Dependency, Discriminate Function,
	Examples, Classifier Performance,
	Linear Discriminant Functions and Unsupervised Learning and
	Clustering Introduction—Discrete and binary Classification problems—
Module 3:	Techniques to directly obtain linear Classifiers, Formulation of Unsupervised
	Learning Problems—Clustering for unsupervised learning and classification.
	Syntactic Pattern Recognition Overview of Syntactic Pattern
	•
Module 4:	Recognition-Syntactic recognition via parsing and other grammars,
	Graphical Approaches to syntactic pattern recognition, Learning via
	grammatical inference.
	Recognition of Syntactic Description
	Recognition by Matching, Recognition by Parsing, CYK Parsing Algorithm,
Module 5:	Augmented Transition Nets in Parsing, Graph Based structure representation,
Module 5.	
	Structured Strategy to Compare Attributed Graphs

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

Course Outcomes:

- CO1. Understand and explain the process of Pattern Recognition.
- CO2. Apply probability theory to estimate classifier performance.
- CO3. Describe and analyze the principles of parametric and non parametric classification methods.
- CO4. Compare pattern classifications and pattern recognition techniques.
- CO5. Apply Pattern Recognition techniques to real world problems & Design systems

Course Outcom e	8													Program Specific Outcome	
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	Н	М										Н			
CO2	М	М	М										М	М	
CO3	Н	Н		Н	Н							Н			
CO4					Н	N			М				Н	М	
CO5					Н	М			М			Н	Н	Н	

H = Highly Related; M = Medium L = Low

References:

- 1. Robert Schalkoff, "Pattern Recognition: Statistical Structural and Neural Approaches", John wiley& sons , Inc, 1992.
- 2. Earl Gose, Richard johnsonbaugh, Steve Jost, "Pattern Recognition and Image Analysis", Prentice Hall of India, Pvt Ltd, New Delhi, 1996.
- 3. Duda R.O., P.E.Hart& D.G Stork, "Pattern Classification", 2nd Edition, J.Wiley Inc 2001.
- 4. Duda R.O.& Hart P.E., "Pattern Classification and Scene Analysis", J.wiley Inc, 1973.

Artificial Intelligence Program Elective 4

MCO 118	A Artificial Neural Network and Deep Learning	3-0-0	
Course Ob	jectives		
 To To lear Fan dee 	understand the concepts of Artificial neural networks explore in-depth deep neural architectures for learning and inference evaluate the performance of neural architectures in comparison to or ning method niliar with the fundamental principles, theory and approaches for le p neural networks cuss Convolution Neural Network models to Applications	ther machine	
UNIT1	Introduction to Artificial Neural Network : Biological Neuron, I units, McCulloch–Pitts unit and Thresholding logic, Linear Pe Learning Algorithm, Linear separability, Convergence theorem for Algorithm, Type of network architecture, Activation functions, Ba	Perceptron, Percep	otron ning
UNIT2	Feed forward Networks: Multilayer Neural Network, Gradient D propagation, Empirical Risk Minimization, regularization, Radial F bias-variance trade off, regularization - over fitting - inductive bias out - generalization.	Basis Neural Netv	vork
UNIT3	Recurrent neural networks : Back propagation through time Memory, Gated Recurrent Units, Bidirectional LSTMs, Bidirection		erm
UNIT4	Deep Neural Networks : Introduction, Difficulty of training de Greedy layer wise training. • Generative models: Restrictive I (RBMs), Introduction to MCMC and Gibbs Sampling, gradient co Deep Boltzmann Machines. • Convolutional Neural Networks: LeN VGGNet, GoogLeNet, ResNet, Visualizing Convolutional Neural Back propagation, Deep Dream, Deep Art, Fooling Convolutional Auto Encoders • Deep Reinforcement Learnin	Boltzmann Mach mputations in RE Net, AlexNet, ZF- al Networks, Gu	nines 3Ms, Net, ided
UNIT 5	Convolutional Neural Network : Basic structure of Convolution studies: Alex net, VGGNet, GoogLeNet, Applications of CNN	onal Network, (Case

Course Outcomes

- CO1. Explain the basic concepts in Neural Networks and applications
- CO2. Discuss feed forward networks and their training issues
- CO3. Distinguish different types of ANN architectures
- CO4. Apply fundamental principles, theory and approaches for learning with deep neural networks
- CO5. Discuss & Apply Convolution Neural Network models to Applications

Course	Prog	ram Ou	itcome										Program	n Specifi	ic
Outcome													Outcon	ne	
	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9						3
CO1	М	L										М			
CO2	М	L										М			
CO3	Н	M	M	M								Н	L	М	
CO4	Н	М	М	М	M							Н	Н	Н	
CO5	Н	М	М	М	М							Н	Н	Н	

H = Highly Related; M = Medium; L = Low

Text Books

1. Simon Haykin, "Neural Networks, A Comprehensive Foundation", 2nd Edition, Addison Wesley Longman, 2001.

2. Bishop, Christopher M. Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning. Springer, 2006

3. Charu C.Aggarwal "Neural Networks and Deep learning" Springer International Publishing, 2018

4. Satish Kumar, "Neural Networks, A Classroom Approach", Tata McGraw -Hill, 2007.

MCO 089B	Pattern Recognition Lab	0-0-2
	i attern iteeognition Eas	

Course Objectives:

- To introduce the most important concepts, techniques, and algorithms Assess and understand the challenges behind the design of machine vision systems.
- Understand the general processes of image acquisition, storage, enhancement, segmentation, representation, and description.
- Implement filtering and enhancement algorithms for monochrome as well as color images.

Course Outcomes:

- CO1. To implement efficient algorithms for nearest neighbour classification, Linear Discriminate Function
- CO2. Able to identify the strengths and weaknesses of different types of classifiers & implement them on simple applications.
- CO3. Validate and assess and implement different clustering techniques
- CO4. Be able to combine various classifiers using fixed rules or trained combiners and boost their performance
- CO5. Understand the possibilities and limitations in implementation of pattern recognition techniques to different applications

Course Contents: Exercises that must be done in this course are listed below:

- Lab 1. Implement a function for extracting the colour histogram of an image.
- Lab 2. Read all the images from the training set. For each image compute the colour histogram with general bin size m and save it as a row in the feature matrix X. Save the corresponding class label in the label vector y.
- Lab 3. Implement the k-NN classifier for an unknown image and for a general K value. Evaluate the classifier on the test set by calculating the confusion matrix and the overall accuracy.
- Lab 4. Try out different values for the number of bins for the histogram and the parameter K to see which feature attains the best performance. Convert the input image into Luv or HSV color-space before histogram calculation.
- Lab 5. Data visualization, central limit theorem, multivariate normal distribution, data whitening, non-parametric
- Lab 6. Implement Hierarchical clustering, k-means, fuzzy c-means
- Lab 7. Implementation of Bayesian classifier, k-NN classifier
- Lab 8. Linear regression, MMSE, MAP, MLE, quality measures
- Lab 9. Apply various dimensionality reduction methods whether through feature selection or feature extraction. Assess classifier complexity and regularization parameters

Lab 10. Combine various classifiers using fixed rules or trained combiners and boost their performance using some test data set from real world

MCO 120A	Artificial Neural Network and Deep Learning	0-0-2
	Lab	

Course Objectives:

At the end of the course

- The students should be able to design and implement machine learning solutions
- Understand classification, regression, and clustering problems;
- Able to evaluate and interpret the results of the algorithms.

Course Outcomes:

- CO1. Create a custom feed-forward network.
- CO2. Design Constructing Layers and Setting Transfer Functions
- CO3. Implement Discriminative Learning models: Logistic Regression, Perceptrons, Artificial Neural Networks.

List of Experiments

Lab 1. Create a custom feed-forward network .It consists of the following sections:

Constructing Layers , Connecting Layers , Setting Transfer Functions, Weights and Biases , Training Functions & Parameters , Performance Functions , Train Parameters

- Lab 2. Write a program to plot various membership functions.
- Lab 3. Generate AND, NOT function using McCulloch-Pitts neural net program.
- Lab 4. Generate XOR function using McCulloch-Pitts neural net.
- Lab 5. Write a program for Perceptron net for an AND function with bipolar inputs and targets
- Lab 6. Write a program of Perceptron Training Algorithm
- Lab 7. Write a program of Back Propagation Algorithm.
- Lab 8. Implement ANN and compare, regularization, overfitting, underfitting and drop out
- Lab 9. Implement Convolutional Neural Networks (CNNs) and overcome overfitting with dropout.
- Lab 10. Implement Convolutional Neural Networks (CNNs) for Object detection

Artificial Intelligence Program Elective 5

MCO 121A Application of Artificial Intelligence in Industries 3-0

Course Objectives

- Able to apply the concept of Artificial intelligence in various sectors
- Familiarize with applications of Artificial intelligence in banking applications.
- Appreciate the various applications in Communication and Education Industry.
- Identify the applications in Health care and Government sectors.
- Recognize the applications in Manufacturing industry and Transportations.

	AL in Donking , Use of AL in bouking and finance Frond detection. Disk
	AI in Banking : Use of AI in banking and finance, Fraud detection, , Risk
	modeling and investment banks, Customer data management, Decreased
	customer experience and loyalty, Personalized marketing, Role of machine
	learning: Challenges of banking sector and securities, Widely used machine
Module 1:	learning algorithms in banking and security, Fraud prevention and detection
	systems, Rule based and machine learning based approach in fraud detection,
	Anomaly detection: Ways to expose suspicious transactions in banks,
	Advanced fraud detection systems, Risk management systems, Current
	challenges and opportunities: Banking and security domain.
	AI in Communication, Media & Healthcare: Usage of AI in media and
	entertainment industry, Machine learning techniques for customer sentiment
	analysis, Real-time analytics in communication, Real time analytics and
	social media, Recommendations engines. The most important applications of
Module 2:	machine learning in healthcare, Role of machine learning in drug discovery,
	Medical image analysis, Why deep learning for medical image analysis and
	Predictive medicine: Prognosis and diagnostics accuracy, Predictive
	medicine
	AI in Education & Manufacturing: Advantages of AI in education, learning
	analytics, Academic analytics, Action research, Educational data mining,
	Personalized adaptive learning, Learning analytics process, Case study:
	Application of ML in predicting students' performance.
Module 3:	Applications in manufacturing industry, Deep learning for smart
	manufacturing, Machine learning for quality control in manufacturing, Case
	study, Construction of CNN, Experimental results, Efficiency of CNN for
	defect detection, Comparative experiments, Machine learning for fault
	assessment, Machinery failure prevention technology.
	,

	AI in Government Administration: Type of government problems
	appropriate for AI applications, AI for citizen services use cases, Answering
Module 4:	questions, Routing requests, Translation, Drafting documents, Chat bots for
Wiodule 4:	communication between citizen and government, Media richness theory,
	Chatbots in the public sector, Case study, Data management services,
	Knowledge processing services, Application services.
	AI in Transportation & Energy Sector: Applications of ML and artificial
	intelligence in transportation, Incident detection, Predictive models,
	Application of AI in aviation and public transportation, Aviation, Shared
	mobility, Buses, Intelligent urban mobility, Autonomous vehicles,
	Autonomous transportation, Artificial intelligence use cases in logistics, Back
Module 5:	office AI, Cognitive customs, Predictive logistics, Predictive risk
	management, Seeing thinking and speaking logistics operations, ML powered
	customer experience, Limitations of AI techniques in transportation,
	AI in Smart grid technologies, Key characteristics of smart grid, Machine
	learning applications in smart grid, Machine learning techniques for
	renewable energy generation, Forecasting etc Case studies

Course Outcomes

- CO1. Familiarize, compare and analyze the role of AI in banking applications
- CO2. Analyze the applications in Media and Health care Industry
- CO3. Appreciate the various applications in manufacturing industry and Education sectors.
- CO4. Identify the problems in public sectors and role of AI in the solutions
- CO5. Recognize the applications and challenges in Transportation and Energy Sectors

Course Outcom e	Pro	gram	Program Specific Outcome												
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	М	М			Н							Н	Н	Н	
CO2	Н	Н			Н	M						Н	Н	Н	Н
CO3	Н	Н			Н	М						Н	Н	Н	Н
CO4	Н	Н			Н							Н	М	М	
CO5	Н	Н			Н							Н	М	М	

TEXT BOOK

1. David Beyer, Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning in Industry,: O'Reilly Media, Inc.,ISBN: 9781491959336

- 2. Doug Hudgeon, Richard Nichol, Machine Learning for Business , December 2019 , ISBN 9781617295836
- 3. Application of machine learning in industries (IBM ICE Publications).
- 4. Andreas François Vermeulen, "Industrial Machine Learning", Apress, Berkeley, CA,2020

H = Highly Related; M = Medium; L = Low

Cloud Computing Track

MCO 024B Grid Computing	3-0-0
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Objective: The objectives of this course are to:

- 1. Introduce a thorough understanding of Grid Computing concepts and how these can be applied in cloud computing.
- 2. Discuss and understand the Architecture and Applications of Grid Computing.
- 3. Develop the understanding of designing Grid Computing enabled software applications.

UNIT	1:	Grid Computing : values and risks – History of Grid computing, Grid computing model and protocols, Overview and types of Grids.
UNIT	2:	Desktop Grids : Background, Definition, Challenges, Technology, Suitability, Grid server and practical uses, Clusters and Cluster Grids, HPC Grids, Scientific in sight, Application and Architecture, HPC application, Development Environment and HPC Grids, Data Grids, Alternatives to Data Grid, Data Grid architecture.
UNIT	3:	The open Grid services Architecture , Analogy, Evolution, Overview, Building on the OGSA platform, Implementing OGSA based Grids, Creating and Managing services, Services and the Grid, Service Discovery, Tools and Toolkits, Universal Description Discovery and Integration.
UNIT	4:	Desktop Supercomputing , Parallel Computing, Parallel Programming Paradigms, Problems of Current parallel Programming Paradigms, Desktop Supercomputing Programming Paradigms, Parallelizing Existing Applications, Grid Enabling Software Applications, Needs of the Grid users, methods of Grid Deployment, Requirements for Grid enabling Software, Grid Enabling Software Applications.
UNIT	5:	Application integration, Application classification, Grid requirements, Integrating applications with Middleware platforms, Grid enabling Network services, Managing Grid environments, Managing Grids, Management reporting, Monitoring, Data catalogs and replica management, Portals, Different application areas of Grid computing.

Course outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- CO1. Compare modern concepts of Grid Computing.
- CO2. Analyse and understand the challenges in creating and managing Grid service Architecture.
- CO3. Build understanding of parallel and supercomputing programming paradigms.
- CO4. Integrate applications with middleware platforms.

Mapping course outcomes leading to the achievement of program outcomes and program specific outcomes:

Course Outcome		Program Outcome										Program Specific Outcome			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<i>PO</i> 7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	Н	Н	М						L				Н		
CO2				Н			М					Н		Н	
CO3		Н					Н			Н			H		Н
<i>CO</i> 4		Н					Н	L							Н

H = Highly Related; M = Medium L = Low

Text Books:

1. Ahmar Abbas, "Grid Computing: A Practical Guide to Technology and Applications", Firewall Media, 2004.

Reference Books:

- 1. Joshy Joseph and Craig Fellenstein, "Grid Computing", Pearson Education, 2001.
- 2. Ian Foster and Carl Kesselman, "Grid Blue Print for New Computing Infrastructure", Morgan Kaufmann, 2000.
- 3. Fran Berman, Geoffrey Fox and Anthony J. G. Hey, "Grid Computing: Making the Global Infrastructure a Reality", Willy Publisher, 2001

Cloud Computing

Program Elective 1

MCO 1	104B	Cloud Security: Course Outlines	3-0-0						
Objective:	The obj	ectives of this course are to:							
1. Intr	oduce a t	horough understanding of cloud security concepts and how	these can be						
		e cloud computing.							
		understand the legal and compliance issues for cloud provi	der and						
	compliance for the cloud consumer.								
	3. Develop the understanding in designing backup/recovery, data replication solutions								
	and tools that will serve to build, configure, protect, troubleshoot and manage the								
		rces in virtual environment.]						
Unit I		ITY CONCEPTS: Confidentiality, privacy, integrity, a							
	· ·	udiation, availability, access control, defence in depth, l							
		ese concepts apply in the cloud, what these concepts m							
	· ·	nce in PaaS, IaaS and SaaS. e.g. User authentication							
	, <i>,</i> , ,	graphic Systems- Symmetric cryptography, stream ciphers,	L /						
	modes of operation, public-key cryptography, hashing, digital signatures, pu								
Unit II	key infrastructures, key management, X.509 certificates, OpenSSL. MULTI-TENANCY ISSUES: Isolation of users/VMs from each other. How the								
Unit II		rovider can provide this; Virtualization System Security Is							
	· ·	Xi Security, ESX file system security, storage consideration	•						
			nent console						
	-		strative VM						
		bilities, guest VM vulnerabilities, hypervisor vulnerabiliti							
		vulnerabilities, configuration issues, malware (botnets etc).							
Unit III	VIRTU	ALIZATION SYSTEM-SPECIFIC ATTACKS: Guest ho	pping, attacks						
		/M (delete the VM, attack on the control of the VM, code o							
	into the	virtualized file structure), VM migration attack, hyperjack	ing.						
Unit IV	TECHN	IOLOGIES FOR VIRTUALIZATION-BASED	SECURITY						
		NCEMENT: IBM security virtual server protection, virtua							
		king; Storage Security- HIDPS, log management, Data Lo	ss Prevention.						
		n of the Perimeter.							
Unit V		AND COMPLIANCE ISSUES: Responsibility, ownership							
		ration test, local law where data is held, examination of mo							
		ds (eg PCIDSS), how standards deal with cloud							
		zation, compliance for the cloud provider vs. compliance for	the customer.						
Course out	teomos								

Course outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

CO5. Compare modern security concepts as they are applied to cloud computing

CO6. Assess the security of virtual systems.

CO7. Evaluate the security issues related to multi-tenancy,

CO8. Appraise compliance issues that arise from cloud computing

spec	χήτε οι	ucom	es.												
Course		Program Outcome											Program Specific		
Outcome													Outcome		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<i>PO</i> 7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	Н	H	М						L				Н		
CO2				Н			М					Н		Н	
CO3					М					L	Н		М		Н
CO4		Н					Н	L							Н

Mapping course outcomes leading to the achievement of program outcomes and program specific outcomes:

H = Highly Related; M = Medium L = Low

Text Book:

1. Cloud Security: A Comprehensive guide to secure cloud computing by Ronald L. Krutz and Russell Dean Vines

References:

2. Ronald L. Krutz, Russell Dean Vines, "Cloud Security" [ISBN: 0470589876], 2010.

3. John Rittinghouse, James Ransome, "Cloud Computing" CRC Press; 1 edition [ISBN: 1439806802], 2009.

4. J.R. ("Vic") Winkler, "Securing the Cloud" Syngress [ISBN: 1597495921] 2011. 12 SRM-M.Tech Cloud Computing 2015 – 16

7. Cloud Security Alliance 2010, "Top Threats to Cloud Computing" Microsoft 2013.

8. Timothy Grance; Wayne Jansen; NIST "Guidelines on Security and Privacy in Public Cloud Computing", 2011.

MCO 105A Managing Virtual Environment: Course Outlines 3-0-0
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Objective: The objectives of this course are to:

- 1. Familiarize student about the role and applications of virtual environment in cloud computing.
- 2. Incorporate the knowledge of advanced technologies to configure, manage and secure virtual resources.
- 3. Develop the concepts and tools that will serve to build, configure, protect, troubleshoot and manage the virtual resources in virtual environment.

UNIT I	PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT IN A VIRTUAL ENVIRONMENT : Management techniques, methodology and key performance metrics used to identifying CPU, memory, network, virtual machine and application performance
	bottlenecks in a virtualized environment.
IINIT II	CONFIGURATION AND CHANGE MANAGEMENT : Configuration and
UNIT II	change management goals and guidelines, tools and technologies in virtualized environments
	SECURE VIRTUAL NETWORKING : Configuration and change management
UNIT III	goals and guidelines, tools and technologies in virtualized environments; Virtual
	network security architecture, network segmentation and traffic isolation to secure a virtual network configuration
	PROTECTING THE MANAGEMENT ENVIRONMENT: Server authentication,
	authorization, and accounting, SSL certificates, server hardening; Protecting the
	host system: security architecture, controlling access to storage, hardening hosts,
UNIT IV	Hardening virtual machines; Virtual machine security architecture, security
	parameters; Protecting the host and virtual machine systems using server
	authentication, authorization, and accounting techniques.
	TROUBLESHOOTING VIRTUAL ENVIRONMENTS: Interpreting host,
	network, storage, cluster and virtual machine log files. Network troubleshooting,
UNIT V	traffic sniffing, storage access problems, iSCSI authentication and digests. Virtual
	machine migration, cluster errors with shares, pools, and limits; Command line
	interfaces and syntax, interpreting host, network, storage, cluster, virtual machine
	log files and network traces.

Course Outcomes: Through this course students should be able to:

CO1: Identify and explain basic concepts and key performance matrices of virtualized computing resources.

CO2: Build understanding of statistics involved in virtual network security architecture and its configuration.

CO3: Formulate the core issues in troubleshooting and protecting virtual environment such as authentication, 10 authorization, privacy, and interoperability.

CO4: Solve common problems that can be encountered during virtual machine and virtual storage migration.

Course Outcome		Program Outcome											Program Specific Outcome		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	P07	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
COI					Н			L			M	М		L	
CO2		Н				М	Н						Н		Н
CO3				Н						Н					M
CO4	Н		Н		М				М				Н	Н	

Mapping course outcomes leading to the achievement of program outcomes and program specific outcomes:

H = Highly Related; M = Medium L = Low

Text books:

1. Massimo Cafaro (Editor), Giovanni Aloisio (Editor), "Grids, Clouds and Virtualization" Springer; edition [ISBN: 978-0857290489] 2011.

2. Chris Wolf and Erick M. Halter, "Virtualization" A press; 1 edition [ISBN: 978-1590594957] 2005.

Reference books:

3. Gaurav Somani, "Scheduling and Isolation in Virtualization", VDM Verlag Dr. Müller [ISBN: 978-3639295139], Muller Publishers, Germany, Sept. 2010

4. LatifaBoursas (Editor), Mark Carlson (Editor), Wolfgang Hommel (Editor), Michelle Sibilla (Editor), KesWold (Editor), "Systems and Virtualization Management: Standards and New Technologies" [ISBN: 978-3540887072], October 14, 2008

5. Edward L. Haletky, "VMware ESX Server in the enterprise" [ISBN: 978- 0132302074]. Prentice Hall; 1 edition 29 Dec 2007.

6. Edward Haletky, "VMware ESX and ESXi in the Enterprise - Planning Deployment of Virtualization Servers" [ISBN: 978-0137058976]., Prentice Hall; 2 edition February 18, 2011.

MCO 102A	Cloud Storage Infrastructure: Course Outlines	3-0-0					
Objective: The objectives of this course are to:							

- 1. Incorporat a thorough understanding of virtualized data-center architecture, services, interface, and environment in student.
- 2. Familiarize student about the security regulations and governance in designing secure storage in virtualized and cloud environment.
- 3. Develop the understanding in designing backup/recovery, data replication solutions and tools that will serve to build, configure, protect, troubleshoot and manage the virtual resources in virtual environment.

UNIT I	VIRTUALIZED DATA CENTER ARCHITECTURE: Cloud infrastructures;
	public, private, hybrid. Service provider interfaces; Saas, Paas, Iaas. VDC environments; concept, planning and design, business continuity and disaster recovery principles. Managing VDC and cloud environments and infrastructures.
UNIT II	INFORMATION STORAGE SECURITY & DESIGN: Storage strategy and governance; security and regulations. Designing secure solutions; the considerations and implementations involved. Securing storage in virtualized and cloud environments. Monitoring and management; security auditing and SIEM.
UNIT III	STORAGE NETWORK DESIGN: Architecture of storage, analysis and planning. Storage network design considerations; NAS and FC SANs, hybrid storage networking technologies (iSCSI, FCIP, FCoE), design for storage virtualization in cloud computing, host system design considerations.
UNIT IV	OPTIMIZATION OF CLOUD STORAGE: Global storage management locations, scalability, operational efficiency. Global storage distribution; terabytes to petabytes and greater. Policy based information management; metadata attitudes; file systems or object storage.
UNIT V	INFORMATION AVAILABILITY DESIGN: Designing backup/recovery solutions to guarantee data availability in a virtualized environment. Design a replication solution, local remote and advanced. Investigate Replication in NAS and SAN environments. Data archiving solutions; analyzing compliance and archiving design considerations.

Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- CO1. Identify the philosophy, architecture, and practical use of virtualized data-center in cloud computing environment.
- CO2. Present fundamental skills, and techniques in optimization of cloud storage.
- CO3. Solve common problems that can be encountered during design and setup of backup/recovery and replication solutions virtualized environment.
- CO4. Build understanding of key privacy concerns in storage strategy and governance, security and regulations in cloud security management.
| Course
Outcome | | Program Outcome Program Specific
Outcome | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|-----|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 | PO11 | PO12 | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 |
| COI | | | | L | Н | М | | | | | M | | | М | |
| CO2 | | | Н | | | | | | Н | | | | | | L |
| CO3 | H | | Н | | | | | | | | | М | М | Н | М |
| CO4 | | Η | | | | | Η | | | Н | | | Н | | Н |

1. Mapping course outcomes leading to the achievement of program outcomes and program specific outcomes:

H = Highly Related; M = Medium L = Low

Cloud Computing Program Elective 4

MCO 011A Cloud Computing: Course Outlines	3-0-2
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Course Objective:

- 5. To familiarize the philosophy, power, practical use of cloud.
- 6. To introduce fundamental principles, technology, and techniques of CC
- 7. To Discuss common problems that can be best solved with/in cloud
- 8. To Eliminate misconceptions about cloud computing

Module 1:	Understanding cloud computing: Introduction to Cloud Computing - Benefits and Drawbacks - Types of Cloud Service Development - Deployment models
Module 2:	Cloud Architecture Technology and Architectural Requirements: The Business Case for Clouds - Hardware and Infrastructure – Accessing the cloud – Cloud Storage – Standards- Software as a Service – Discovering Cloud Services Development tools. Three Layered Architectural Requirement - Provider Requirements
Module 3:	Service Centric Issues - Interoperability - QoS - Fault Tolerance - Data Management Storage and Processing - Virtualization Management - Scalability - Load Balancing - Cloud Deployment for Enterprises - User Requirement - Comparative Analysis of Requirement.
Module 4:	Security Management in Cloud: Security Management Standards - Security Management in the Cloud Availability Management - SaaS Availability Management - PaaS Availability Management - IaaS Availability Management - Access Control - Security Vulnerability, Patch, and Configuration Management – Privacy in Cloud- The Key Privacy Concerns in the Cloud - Security in Cloud Computing.
Module 5:	Virtualization: Objectives - Benefits - Virtualization Technologies - Data Storage Virtualization – Storage Virtualization – Improving Availability using Virtualization - Improving Performance using Virtualization- Improving Capacity using Virtualization.

Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

CO1: Identify the philosophy, power, and practical use of cloud.

CO2: Present fundamental principles, technology, and techniques of CC

CO3: Solve common problems that can be encountered during setup of virtual server and storage.

CO4: Build understanding of key privacy concerns in cloud security management.

Mapping course outcomes leading to the achievement of program outcomes and program specific outcomes:

Course Outcome						Progra	m Outc	ome					Program Specific Outcome			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<i>PO</i> 7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	
CO1	Н		L		Н							М			L	
CO2									Н		L		Н	L		
CO3			Н											Н	Н	
<i>CO4</i>		Η				Μ	Η						Н			

H = Highly Related; M = Medium L = Low

Text books:

- 1. David S Linthicum, "Cloud Computing and SOA Convergence in your Enterprise A Step by Step Guide", Addison Wesley Information Technology Series.
- 2. Anthony T Velte, Toby J.Velte, Robert Elsenpeter, "Cloud computing A Practical Approach", Tata McGraw Hill Publication

References:

- 1. Tim Mather, Subra Kumara swamy, Shahed Latif, "Cloud Security and Privacy -
- 2. An Enterprise Perspective on Risks and Compliance", O'Reilly Publications, First Edition
- 3. Michael Miller, "Cloud Computing Web-Based Applications that Change the Way You Work and Collaborate Online", Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2009.
- 4. Cloud Computing Specialist Certification Kit Virtualization Study Guide.

Cloud Computing Program Elective 5

MCO 114B	Design and Development of Cloud Application: Course Outlines	3-0-2
Objective: The	e objectives of this course are to:	
1. Incorpo develop	rate the knowledge of functional design, tools and technology doing cloud applications.	
	e the working of third party APIs and their interconnectivity in	cloud
ecosyste		1 1
advance	the conceptual thinking in designing Use Case to develop and ed cloud application using framework and platform of choice to	· ·
an unde	erstanding of database,	· 1 /
UNIT 1	DESIGNING CLOUD BASED APPLICATIONS: Role of bu requirements gathering, UML, use of state diagrams, wire fran use of design tools such as Balsamiq. Selecting front end tec standards, Impact of growth in mobile computing on function technology decisions	ne prototypes, hnologies and
UNIT 2	CLOUD APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT: Technical considerations – concurrency, speed and unpredictable development, team composition (including roles/responsibili with changing requirements and aggressive schedules. Underst View Controller (MVC). Advanced understanding of "views" the presentation layer: Advanced Ajax and JQuery. Presentin browsers and devices. Localization and internationalization; I client location and device type. Mobile application developmen iOS, WP, RIM, Symbian	loads. Agile ties), working tanding Model , location, and ng to different Understanding
UNIT 3	STORING OBJECTS IN THE CLOUD Session manageme database techniques using MySQL and SQL Server, blob storage. Working with Third Party APIs: Overview of interc cloud ecosystems. Working with Twitter API, Flickr API, Goo Advanced use of JSON and REST.	storage, table connectivity in
UNIT 4	CLOUD APPLICATIONS AND SECURITY ISSUES: Unders based security issues and threats (SQL query injections, con- efforts), SSL, encrypted query strings, using encryption in Authentication and identity. Use of oAuth. OpenID; Understa Support: Common support issues with cloud apps: user names a automated emails and spam, browser variants and configura developers in QA cycle. QA techniques and technologies. U forums, trouble ticketing.	nmon hacking the database. nding QA and and passwords, tions. Role of
UNIT 5	USE CASES: Design, develop and deploy an advanced clo framework and platform of choice to demonstrate an unc database, presentation and logic. Application should demonstr with third party API, sensitivity to geography of user (langu time and date format), authentication of user, security, and awar device/browser. Case Studies: Salesforce, Basecamp, Xero.com	lerstanding of ate integration age, currency, reness of client

Course outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- CO1 : Design and develop MVC inspired cloud based application.
- CO2 : Assess the security issues and threat using encryption in cloud based database.

CO3 : Demonstrate the integration of cloud application of with third party API.

CO4 : Compare different architecture, frameworks and modern technologies in cloud based application development.

Mapping course outcomes leading to the achievement of program outcomes and program specific outcomes:

Course Outcome		Program Outcome Program Sp Outcom														
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	
CO1	Н	L			Н	Н							Н	L	Н	
CO2			М		М		Н							Н		
CO3									Н	L		М	Н		М	
<i>CO4</i>				Н							Н			Η		

H = Highly Related; M = Medium L = Low

Text:

1. Jim Webber, Savas Parastatidis, Ian Robinson, "REST in Practice" O'Reilly Media; 1 edition, [ISBN: 978-0596805821] 2010.

Reference:

- 1. Eugenio Pace, Dominic Betts, Scott Densmore, Ryan Dunn, Masashi Narumoto, MatiasWoloski, "Developing Applications for the Cloud on the Microsoft Windows Azure Platform" Microsoft Press; 1 edition, [ISBN: 9780735656062] 2010.
- 2. Dan Wellman, "jQuery UI 1.6" Packt Publishing [ISBN: 9781847195128] 2009.
- 3. Peter Lubbers, Brian Albers, Frank Salem, Ric Smith, "Pro HTML5 Programming" A

Data Analytics Track

MCO 127A	Advance Data Mining	3-0-0

Pre-requisite NIL

Course Objectives

- 1. Study the sequential patterns algorithms
- 2. Study the patterns from time series data.
- 3. Study the Temporal Patterns algorithms
- 4. Analysis of computing frameworks for Big Data analytics.

Syllabus

Unit 1	Sequential Pattern Mining concepts, primitives, scalable methods; Transactional Patterns and other temporal based frequent patterns, Mining Time series Data, Periodicity Analysis for time related sequence data, Trend analysis, Similarity search in Time-series analysis;
Unit 2	Mining Data Streams, Methodologies for stream data processing and stream data systems, Frequent pattern mining in stream data, Sequential Pattern Mining in Data Streams, Classification ofdynamic data streams, Class Imbalance Problem; Graph Mining, Mining frequent subgraphs,finding clusters, hub and outliers in large graphs, Graph Partitioning;
Unit 3	Web Mining, Mining the web page layout structure, mining web link structure, mining multimedia data on the web, Automatic classification of web documents and web usage mining;
Unit 4	Distributed Data Mining,Distribute data mining framework, Distributed data source, Distributed data mining techniques,Distributed classifier learning, distributed clustering, distributed association rule mining and Challenges of distributed data mining;
Unit 5	Social Network Analysis, characteristics of social Networks.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO1 Analyze Algorithms for sequential patterns.
- CO2 Extract patterns from time series data.
- CO3 Develop algorithms for Temporal Patterns.
- CO4 Identify computing frameworks for Big Data analytics.
- CO5 Extend the Graph mining algorithms to Web Mining.

MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

Course Outcome	Pro	gram	Outc	ome										Progra Specif Outco	
	POI	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<i>PO</i> 7	PO8	PO9	PO10	P011	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1		L									L		L		
CO2	L	L		L	L	M				L			M		
СОЗ											M		M	L	
<i>CO4</i>	M					L					M				L
CO5	L	M				М						L			

H = Highly Related; M = Medium L = Low

Text Book & Reference Books:

1. Jiawei Han and M Kamber, Data Mining Concepts and Techniques, Second Edition, Elsevier Publication, 2011.

2. Vipin Kumar, Introduction to Data Mining - Pang-Ning Tan, Michael Steinbach, Addison Wesley, 2006.

3. G Dong and J Pei, Sequence Data Mining, Springer, 2007.

4. Research Papers

Μ	ICO 122A	Domain Specific Predictive Analytics	3-0-0

Pre-requisite NIL

Course Objectives

1. It introduces theoretical foundations, algorithms, methodologies for analysing data in various domains such Retail, Finance, Risk and Healthcare.

UNIT 1		 Retail Analytics Understanding Customer Profiling and Segmentation, Modelling Churn. Modelling Lifetime Value, Modelling Risk, Market Basket Analysis. Risk Analytics Risk Management and Operational Hedging An Overview, Supply Chain Risk Management, A Bayesian Framework for Supply Chain Risk Management, Credit Scoring and Bankruptcy Prediction
UNIT 2		Financial Data Analytics Financial News analytics Framework, techniques, and metrics, News events impact market sentiment, Relating news analytics to stock returns Financial Time Series Analytics Financial Time Series and Their Characteristics, Common Financial Time Series models, Autoregressive models, Markov chain models, Time series models with leading indicators, Long term forecasting
UNIT	3	Introduction HealthcareAnalytics An Introduction to Healthcare Data Analytics, Electronic Health Records, Privacy-Preserving Data Publishing Methods in Healthcare, Clinical Decision Support Systems
UNIT	4	Healthcare Data Analytics Natural Language Processing and Data Mining for Clinical Text Core NLP Components, Information Extraction and Named Entity Recognition, Social Media Analytics for Healthcare Tracking of Infectious Disease Outbreaks, Readmission risk Prediction
UNIT	5	Genomic Data Analytics Microarray Data, Microarray Data Analysis, Genomic Data Analysis for Personalized Medicine, Patient Survival Prediction from Gene Expression Data, Genome Sequence Analysis

Course Outcome

CO1.Recognize challenges in dealing with data sets in domains such as finance, risk and healthcare.

CO2. Identify real-world applications of machine learning in domains such as finance, risk and healthcare.

CO3.Identify and apply appropriate algorithms for analyzing the data for variety of problems in finance, risk and healthcare.

CO4.Make choices for a model for new machine learning tasks based on reasoned argument

MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

Course Outcome	Program Outcome Program Specific Outcome														
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	L		L								М	М		L	
CO2	L		М			L					М	L	М		
CO3		М									М	L			L
CO4		М	М		Н	L					L	L		L	

H = Highly Related; M = Medium L = Low

Text Book(s)

1. Chris Chapman, Elea McDonnell Feit "R for Marketing Research and Analytics", Springer, 2015.

2. Olivia Parr Rud "Data Mining Cookbook Modeling Data for Marketing, Risk, and Customer Relationship Management", Wiley, 2001.

3. Chandan K. Reddy, Charu C. Aggarwal "Healthcare Data Analytics", CRC Press, 2015.

4. Rene Carmona "Statistical Analysis of Financial Data in R", Springer, 2014.

5. James B. Ayers "Handbook Of Supply Chain Management" Auerbach Publications, 2006.

6. PanosKouvelis, Lingxiu Dong, OnurBoyabatli, Rong Li "The Handbook of Integrated Risk Management in Global Supply Chains", Wiley, 2012.

MCO 123A	Exploratory Data Analysis	3-0-0

Course Objectives

1. This course introduces the methods for data preparation and data understanding.

2.It covers essential exploratory techniques for understanding multivariate data by summarizing it through statistical methods and graphical methods.

3.Supports to Summarize the insurers use of predictive analytics, data science and Data Visualization

UNIT 1	Introduction To Exploratory Data Analysis: Data Analytics lifecycle,Exploratory Data Analysis(EDA) Definition, Motivation, Stepsindataexploration, The basic data types Data Type Portability
UNIT 2	 Preprocessing-Traditional Methods And Maximum Likelihood Estimation Introduction to Missing data, Traditional methods for dealing with missing data, Maximum Likelihood Estimation – Basics, Missing data handling, Improving the accuracy of analysis Preprocessing Bayesian Estimation Introduction to Bayesian Estimation ,Multiple Imputation-Imputation Phase, Analysis and Pooling Phase, Practical Issues in Multiple Imputation, Models for Missing Notation Random Data
UNIT 3	Data Summarization & Visualization Statistical data elaboration, 1-D Statistical data analysis, 2-D Statistical data Analysis, ND Statistical data analysis
UNIT 4	Outlier Analysis Introduction, Extreme Value Analysis, Clustering based, Distance Based and Density Based outlier analysis, Outlier Detection in Categorical Data
UNIT 5	Feature Subset SelectionFeature selection algorithmsfilter methods, wrappermethods and embedded methods, Forward selection backward elimination, Relief,greedy selection, genetic algorithms for features electionDimensionality ReductionIntroduction, Principal Component Analysis(PCA),Kernel PCA, Canonical Correlation Analysis, Factor Analysis, Multi dimensionalscaling, Correspondence Analysis

Course Outcome

CO1.Handle missing data in the real world data sets by choosing appropriate methods.

CO2.Summarize the data using basic statistics. Visualize the data using basic graphs and plots. CO3.Identify the outliers if any in the data set.

CO4. Choose appropriate feature selection and dimensionality reduction

CO5.Techniques for handling multi-dimensional data

MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

Course Outcome													Program Specific Outcome			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	
CO1	L											L			L	
CO2		L			М							L		L		
CO3	L					L						М				
CO4		L			М							L		L		
CO5						L						L				

H = Highly Related; M = Medium L = Low

Reference Books

- 1. Charu C. Aggarwal ,"Data Mining The Text book", Springer, 2015.
- 2. Craig K. Enders, "Applied Missing Data Analysis", The Guilford Press, 2010.

3. Inge Koch, "Analysis of Multivariate and High dimensional data", Cambridge University Press, 2014.

4. Michael Jambu, "Exploratory and multivariate data analysis", Academic Press Inc., 1990.

5. Charu C. Aggarwal, "Data Classification Algorithms and Applications", CRC press, 2015

MCO 124A	BIG DATA FRAMEWORKS	3-0-1	

Pre-requisite NIL

Course Objectives

- 1. To understand the need of Big Data, challenges and different analytical architectures
- 2. Installation and understanding of Hadoop Architecture and its ecosystems
- 3. Processing of Big Data with Advanced architectures like Spark.
- 4. Describe graphs and streaming data in Spark Expected

UNIT 1	Introduction To Big Data Data Storage and Analysis - Characteristics of Big Data – Big Data Analytics - Typical Analytical Architecture – Requirement for new analytical architecture – Challenges in Big Data Analytics – Need of big data frameworks								
UNIT 2	Iadoop Framework - Hadoop – Requirement of Hadoop Framework - Design principlef Hadoop –Comparison with other system - Hadoop Components – Hadoop 1 vs Hadoop– Hadoop Daemon's – HDFS Commands – Map Reduce Programming I/O formats,Iap side join, Reduce Side Join, Secondary sorting, Pipelining MapReduce jobs								
UNIT 3	Hadoop EcosystemIntroduction to Hadoop ecosystem technologiesSerializationAVRO, Co-ordinationZookeeper, DatabasesHBase, Hive, Scripting languagePig,StreamingFlink, Storm								
UNIT 4	Spark FrameworkIntroduction to GPU Computing, CUDA Programming Model, CUDA API, SimpleMatrix, Multiplication in CUDA, CUDA Memory Model, Shared Memory MatrixMultiplication, Additional CUDA API FeaturesData Analysis with Spark ShellWriting Spark Application - Spark Programming inScala, Python, R, Java - Application Execution								
UNIT 5	Spark SQL and GraphXSQL Context – Importing and Saving data – Data frames – using SQL – GraphX overview – Creating Graph – Graph AlgorithmsSpark StreamingOverview – Errors and Recovery – Streaming Source – Streaming live data with spark								

Course Outcome

- 1. Discuss the challenges and their solutions in Big Data
- 2. Understand and work on Hadoop Framework and eco systems and Explain and Analyse
- the Big Data using Map-reduce programming in Both Hadoop and Spark framework.
- 3. Demonstrate spark programming with different programming languages.
- 4. Demonstrate the graph algorithms and live streaming data in Spark
- 5. Analyse and implement different frame work tools by taking sample data sets.

MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

Course Outcome													Program Specific Outcome		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	L			L	L	М				L		L	L		
CO2						М					М		L	L	
CO3	М	L									Н		L		L
CO4		L				L					М		L		
CO5	L	М									L		М		

H = Highly Related; M = Medium L = Low

Text Book & Reference Books

- 1. Mike Frampton, "Mastering Apache Spark", Packt Publishing, 2015.
- 2. TomWhite, "Hadoop TheDefinitiveGuide", O'Reilly, 4thEdition, 2015.
- 3. NickPentreath,MachineLearningwithSpark,PacktPublishing,2015.
- 4. Mohammed Guller, Big Data Analytics with Spark, Apress, 2015
- 5. Donald Miner, Adam Shook, "Map Reduce Design Pattern", O'Reilly, 2012

Program Lab – 3 BIG DATA FRAMEWORKS LAB	0-0-2

- 1. (i) Perform setting up and Installing Hadoop in its two operating modes
 - Pseudo distributed,
 - Fully distributed.
 - (ii) Use web based tools to monitor your Hadoop setup.
- 2. (i) Implement the following file management tasks in Hadoop
 - Adding files and directories
 - Retrieving files
 - Deleting files
 - (ii) Benchmark and stress test an Apache Hadoop cluster
- 3. Run a basic Word Count Map Reduce program to understand Map Reduce Paradigm.
 - Find the number of occurrence of each word appearing in the input file(s)
 - Performing a MapReduce Job for word search count (look for specific keywords in a file)
- 4. Stop word elimination problem
 - Input
 - A large textual file containing one sentence per line
 - A small file containing a set of stop words (One stop word per line)
 - Output
 - A textual file containing the same sentences of the large input file without the words appearing in the small file.

MCO 125A	Advance Python Programming for Data Analytics	3-0-1
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Prerequisites

Basic Knowledge of Python Programming

Course Objectives

The course should enable the students

- 1. Describe the semantics of Python programming language and Illustrate the process of structuring the data using lists, dictionaries, tuples, strings and sets.
- 2. Illustrate the Object-oriented Programming concepts in Python.
- 3. Demonstrate the basic database design for storing data as part of a multi-step data gathering, analysis, and processing.
- 4. Familiarize the basics of machine learning using an approachable, and also understand the advantage of using Python libraries for implementing Machine Learning models.

SYLLABUS

UNIT-1	Introduction to Python, use IDLE to develop programs, Basic coding skills, working with data types and variables, working with numeric data, working with string data, Python functions, Boolean expressions, selection structure, iteration structure, working with lists, work with a list of lists, work with tuples, work with dates and times, get started with dictionaries
UNIT-2	Classes in Python OOPS Concepts, Classes and objects, Classes in Python, Constructors, Data hiding, Creating Classes, Instance Methods, Special Methods, Class Variables, Inheritance, Polymorphism, Type Identification, Custom Exception Classes, Iterators, generators and decorators.
UNIT-3	I/O and Error Handling In Python Introduction, Data Streams, Creating Your Own Data Streams, Access Modes, Writing Data to a File, Reading Data From a File, Additional File Methods, Handling IO Exceptions, Errors, Run Time Errors, The Exception Model, Exception Hierarchy, Handling Multiple Exceptions, Working with Directories.
UNIT-4	An Introduction to relational databases SQL statements for data manipulation, Using SQLite Manager to work with a database, Using Python to work with a database, Creating a GUI that handles an event, working with components.
UNIT-5	Implement Machine Learning algorthims Usage of Numpy for numerical Data,Usage of Pandas for Data Analysis, Matplotlib for Python plotting, Seaborn for Statical plots, interactive Dynamic visualizations, SciKit for Machine learning.

Course Outcomes

CO1 Interpret the basic principles of Python programming language
CO2 Articulate the Object-Oriented Programming concepts such as encapsulation, inheritance and polymorphism as used in Python
CO3 Identify the commonly used operations involving file systems and regular expressions.
CO4 Implement database and GUI applications

CO5 Implement Machine Learning algorithms

MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

Course Outcome												Program Specific			
													Outcome		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	L					L					L	М		L	
CO2	L		L								L			М	
CO3	L		М			L					L		L		
CO4	L		L								L				
CO5	L		Η	Н							L			L	

H = Highly Related; M = Medium L = Low

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Michael Urban and Joel Murach, Python Programming, Shroff/Murach, 2016
- 2. Haltermanpython
- 3.Mark Lutz, Programming Python, O'Reilly, 4th Edition, 2010

ONLINE RESOURCES

https://www.w3schools.com/python

https://docs.python.org/3/tutorial/index.html

https://www.python-course.eu/advanced_topics.php

Program Lab – 4 - Advanced Python Programming LAB	0-0-2

1. Write a python function which accepts a sentence and returns a list in which first value is the count of upper case letters and second value is the count of lower case letters in the sentence. Ignore spaces, numbers and other special characters if any.

2. WeCare insurance company wants to calculate premium of vehicles. Vehicles are of two types – "Two Wheeler" and "Four Wheeler". Each vehicle is identified by vehicle id, type, cost and premium amount. Premium amount is 2% of the vehicle cost for two wheelers and 6% of the vehicle cost for four wheelers. Calculate the premium amount and display the vehicle details

3. Soft Systems Ltd is a private firm that provides software solutions to its customers.40 min The management wants to calculate salary for the employees. There are two types of employees namely graduates who are in probation period and laterals who are experienced joiners in the company. Write a python program based on the class diagram given below



4. Retrieve and process some data and then use the Google Maps API to visualize our data.

5. Fred is a very predictable man. For instance, when he uses his laptop, all he does is watch TV shows. He keeps on watching TV shows until his battery dies. Also, he is a very meticulous man, i.e. he pays great attention to minute details. He has been keeping logs of every time he charged his laptop, which includes how long he charged his laptop for and after that how long was he able to watch the TV. Now, Fred wants to use this log to predict how long will he be able to watch TV for when he starts so that he can plan his activities after watching his TV shows accordingly. ChallengeYou are given access to Fred's laptop charging log by reading from the file "trainingdata.txt". The training data file will consist of 100 lines, each with 2 comma-separated numbers.The first number denotes the amount of time the battery lasted. The training data file can be downloaded here (this will be the same training data used when your program is run). The input for each of the test cases will consist of exactly 1number rounded to 2 decimal places. For each input, output 1 number the amount of time you predict his battery will last.

MCO 126A	Text, Web and Social Media Analytic	3-0-0

Course Objectives

1. To provide an overview of common text mining and social media data analytic activities.

2. To understand the complexities of processing text and network data from different datasources. 3. To enable students to solve complex real-world problems for sentiment analysis and Recommendation systems.

UNIT 1	Introduction to Text Mining Text Representation- tokenization, stemming, stop words, TF-IDF, Feature Vector Representation, NER,N-gram modeling.									
UNIT 2	Mining Textual Data Text Clustering, Text Classification, Topic Modeling-LDA,HDP									
UNIT 3	 Introduction to Web-Mining Invertedindices and Boolean queries.PLSI,Query optimization,pageranking. Web Usage Web content Mining Essentials of Social graphs,Social Networks,Models,Information DiffusioninS ocial Media. 									
UNIT 4	Introduction to Social Media NetworkMining Social Media, BehavioralAnalytics, Influence and Homophily, Recommendation in Social MediaSentimental MiningSentiment Classification , feature based opinion mining, comparative sentence and relational mining, Opinion spam.									
UNIT 5	Recent Threads : Recent Trends in Text, Web and Social Media Analytics									

Course Outcome

1. Interpret the terminologies, metaphors and perspectives of social media analytics.

2. Apply a wide range of classification, clustering, estimation and prediction algorithms on Textual data.

3. Perform social network analysis to identify important social actors, subgroups and network properties in social media sites.

4. Apply state of the art web mining tools and libraries on realistic data sets as a basis for business decisions and applications.

5. Provide solutions to the emerging problems with social media such as behaviour analytics and Recommendation systems.

MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

Course Outcome	Program Outcome												Program Specific Outcome		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1		L				L					L			L	
CO2	L	L	M										L		
CO3		M			M	L					L			М	
CO4	L	M	M										М		
CO5		Н			L						L				

H = Highly Related; M = Medium L = Low

Text and Reference Books

1.BingLiu,"WebDataMining-

ExploringHyperlinks,Contents,andUsageData",Springer,Second Edition, 2011.

2.RezaZafarani,MohammadAliAbbasiandHuanLiu,"SocialMediaMining-AnIntroduction", Cambridge University Press, 2014.

3.Bing Liu, "Sentiment Analysis and Opinion Mining", Morgan & Claypool Publishers, 2012.

4. NitinIndurkhya, FredJDamerau, "HandbookofNaturalLanguageProcess", 2ndEdition, CRC Press, 2010.

5.Matthew A. Russell,